

Supporting Information

3D porous polymeric foam supported Pd Nanocrystals as a highly efficient and recyclable catalyst for organic transformations

Lipipuspa Sahoo,¹ Sanjit Mondal,¹ Nayana Christudas Beena,¹ A. Gloskovskii,² Unnikrishnan Manju,³ D.
Topwal,^{4,5} Ujjal K. Gautam*,¹

¹Department of Chemical Sciences, Indian Institute of Science Education and Research (IISER)-Mohali, Sector 81,
Mohali, SAS Nagar, Punjab 140306, India

²DESY Photon Science, Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron, 22603 Hamburg, Germany

³CSIR -Institute of Minerals and Materials Technology, Bhubaneswar - 751013, India

⁴Institute of Physics, Sachivalaya Marg, Bhubaneswar - 751005, India

⁵Homi Bhabha National Institute, Training School Complex, Anushakti Nagar, Mumbai - 400094, India

[*ujjalgautma@gmail.com](mailto:ujjalgautma@gmail.com), ujjalgautam@iisermohali.ac.in

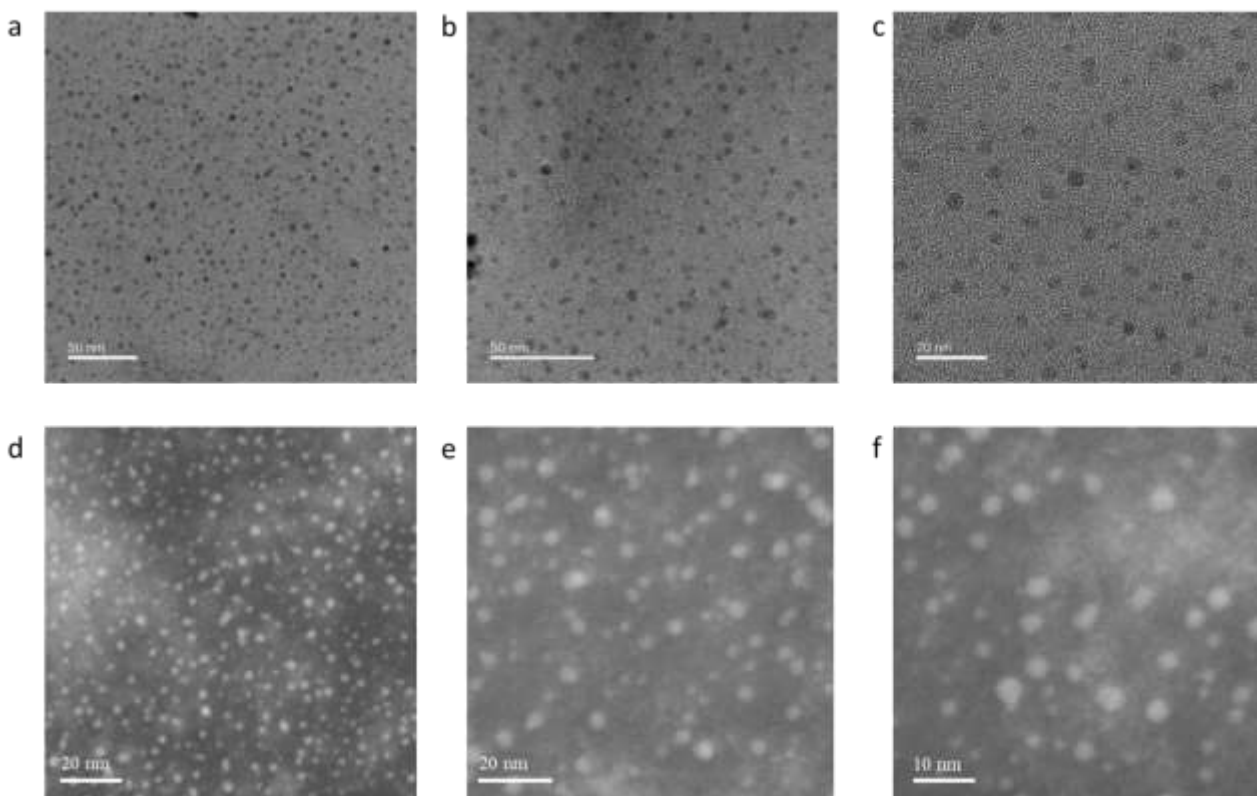


Figure S1. Transmission electron microscopy (TEM) images (a,b,c), high angle annular dark-field scanning TEM (HAADF STEM) images (d,e,f) of Pd NPs.

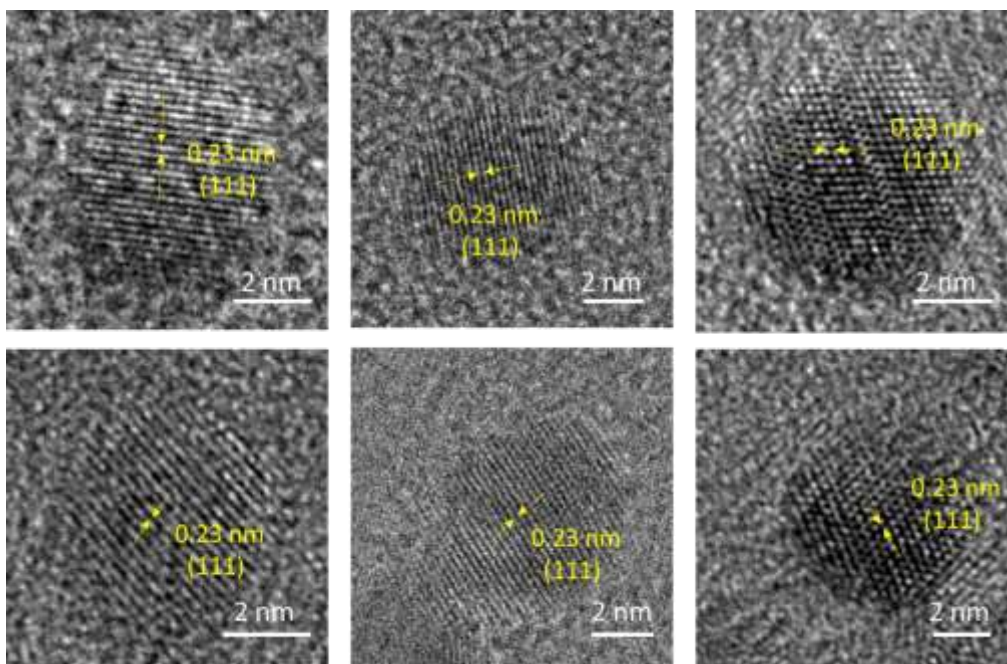


Figure S2. Typical high resolution TEM images of a few Pd NPs.

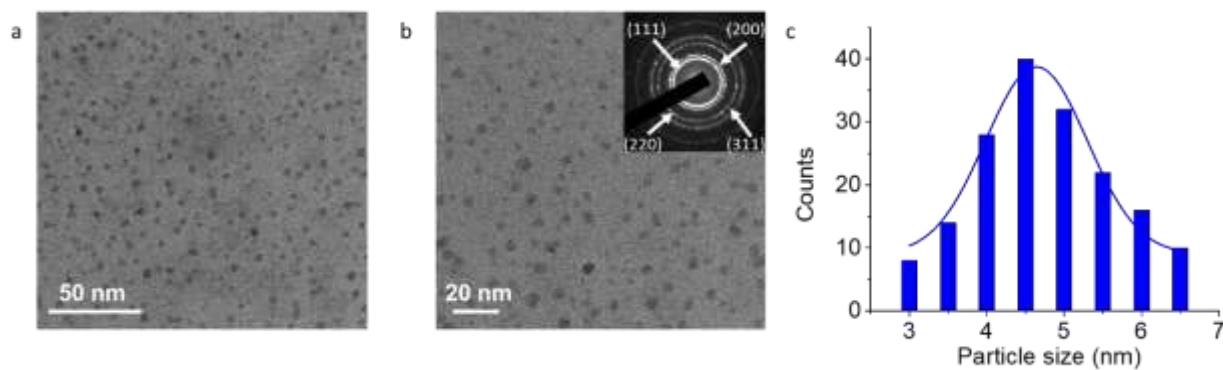


Figure S3. TEM images of recovered Pd NPs obtained after Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling reaction (a,b) and corresponding particle-size distribution (c). The inset is the corresponding SAED pattern.

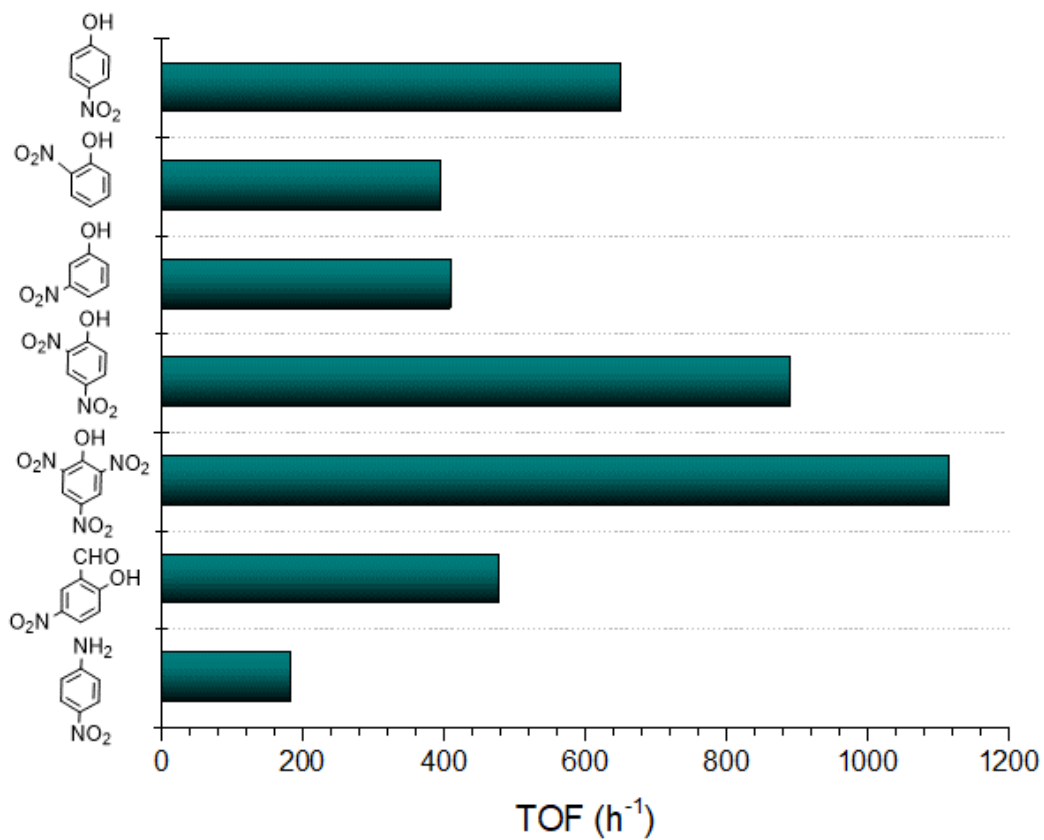


Figure S5. TOF estimated for catalytic reduction of nitroarenes substituted with various electron-withdrawing and donating groups at room temperature using 10 μg of Pd NPs.

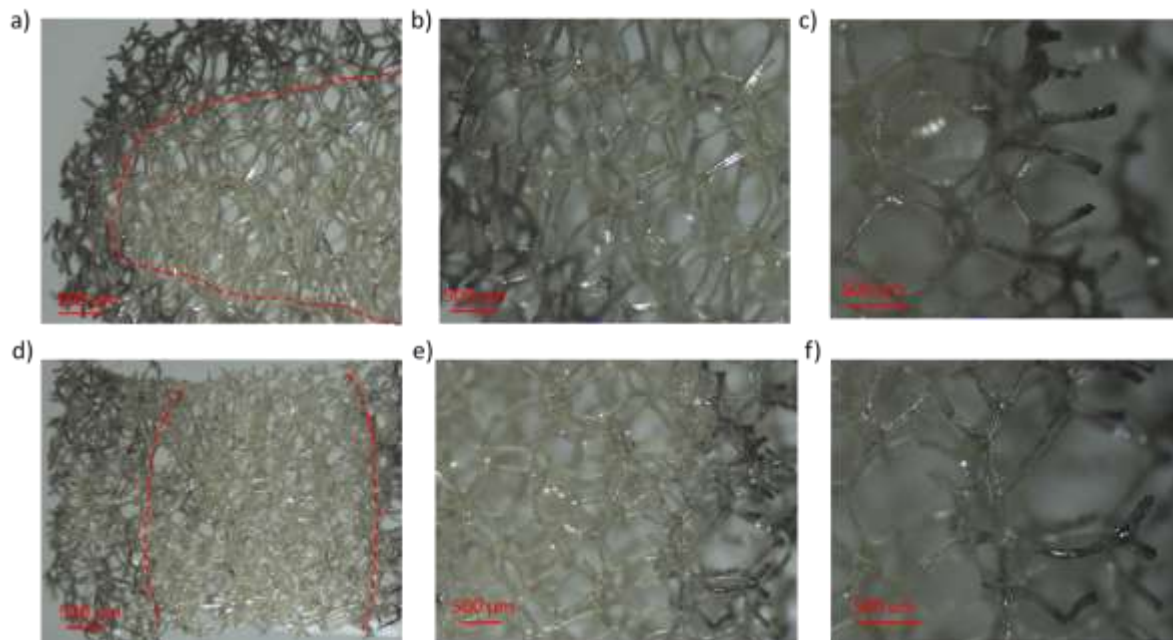


Figure S6. Optical microscope images of a-c) 0.3 cm thick, d-f) 0.5 cm thick Pd loaded PUF. These are the The red dotted lines are guide to the eye. Theses images are recorded for small cut piece of the foams after Pd-loading for investigating the Pd loading inside the thick foam. The uneven Pd loading are clearly visible in 0.3 cm and 0.5 cm thick PUF.

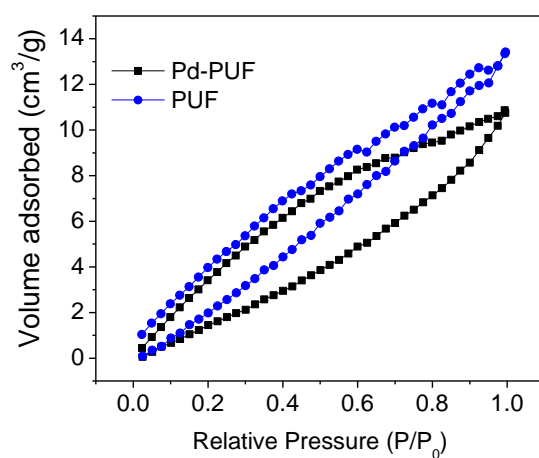


Figure S7. N_2 adsorption-desorption isotherms of PUF and Pd-PUF at 77 K.

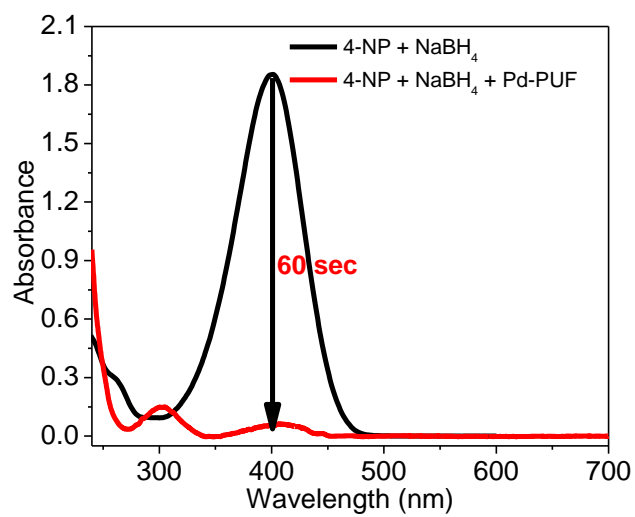


Figure S8. UV-Vis absorption spectra of 4-nitrophenolate ion catalyzed by Pd-PUF.

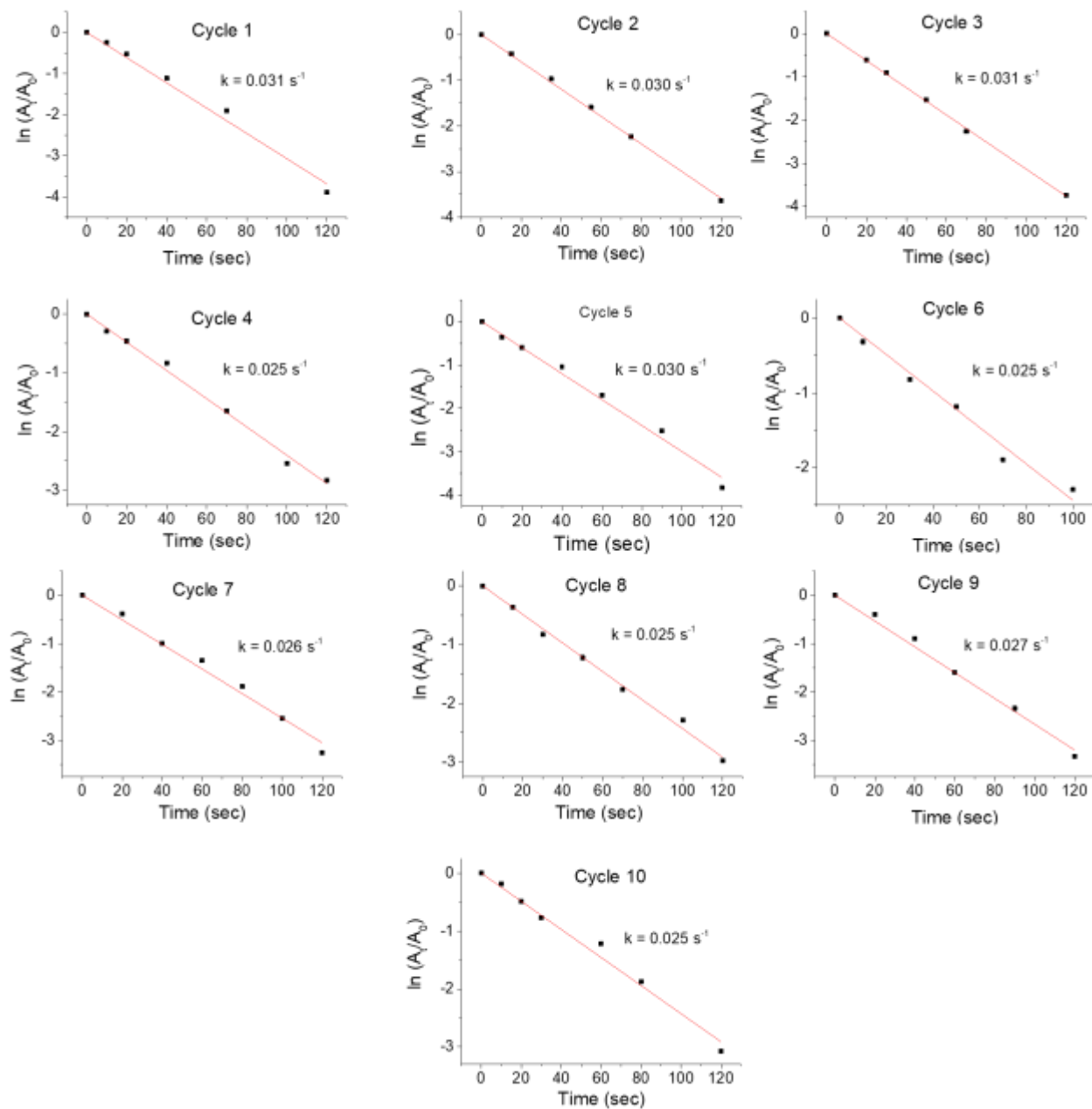


Figure S9. Plot of $\ln(A_t/A_0)$ vs. time for 4-NP reduction by NaBH_4 using Pd loaded PUF for determining rate of the reaction in different catalytic cycles.

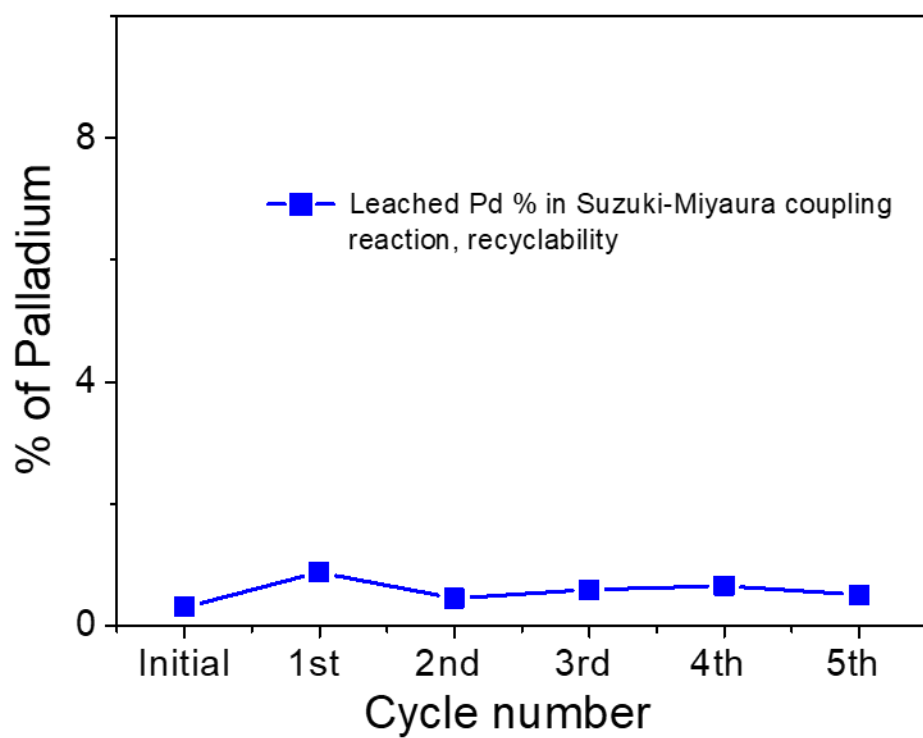


Figure S10. Percentage leaching of Pd during Suzuki-Miyaura coupling reactions using Pd NPs as catalyst after successive cycles.

Table S1. Time taken for completion of Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling reactions using different solvents. (Reactant concentrations: 1.2 mmol phenylboronic acid, 1 mmol iodobenzene, 2 mmol K₂CO₃, 0.1 ml Pd NPs (from 10 mg in 1 ml ethanol stock solution), room temperature, stirring rate of 1200 rpm).

Sl No.	Solvent	Time(min)
1	H ₂ O (4 ml)	120
2	H ₂ O (3.5ml) + ethanol (0.5ml)	115
3	H ₂ O (3ml) + ethanol (1ml)	95
4	H ₂ O (2.5ml) + ethanol (1.5ml)	75
5	H ₂ O (2ml) + ethanol (2ml)	35
6	H ₂ O (1.5ml) + ethanol (2.5ml)	45
7	H ₂ O (1ml) + ethanol (3ml)	80
8	H ₂ O (0.5ml) + ethanol (3.5ml)	85
9	Ethanol (4 ml)	90

Table S2. Optimization of catalyst amount for Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling reaction. (Reaction conditions – 1.2 mmol phenylboronic acid, 1 mmol iodobenzene, 2 mmol K₂CO₃, room temperature, stirring rate of 1200 rpm, solvent-H₂O (2 ml) + ethanol (2 ml).

Sl. No.	Catalyst conc. (μl)	Time	TOF (h ⁻¹)
1	5	80 min	1516
2	10	65 min	933
3	15	60 min	674
4	20	50 min	638
5	25	35 min	693
6	30	35 min	577
7	40	35 min	456
8	50	35 min	433
9	60	30 min	336
10	80	30 min	253
11	100	30 min	202

Table S3. Comparison of catalytic activity of our Pd NPs for Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling reaction using 4-methoxy phenyl boronic acid and 4-iodoanisole in presence K_2CO_3 with other recently developed highly active catalysts.

Catalyst	solvent	tempt	Mol% Pd	time	TOF (h^{-1})	Reference
Pd NPs	50% ethanol	25	0.008	4 h	2927	Our work
Pd NPs	50% ethanol	Reflux	0.008	18 min	37805	Our work
Pd-PUF	50% ethanol	Reflux	0.017	20 min	16784	Our work
Pd NPs on Bacterial cellulose	95% ethanol	80	1.52	1.5 h	261	¹
Pd NPs on Cellulose sponge	50% ethanol	65	0.001	3 h	~30000	²
Pd NPs on Organic molecular cage	90% toluene	100	1	30 min	200	³
Pd NPs on Polystyrene/ RGO	50% ethanol	25	0.2	8 h	62	⁴
Pd-Fe NPs on Boron nitride nanosheet	50% ethanol	Reflux	0.02	10 min	30000	⁵
Pd NPs / COF	50% DMF	50	0.1	3h	30444	⁶
Pd NPs on Cellulose filter paper	water	100	0.2	30 min	968	⁷
Fe ₂ O ₃ on GO	50% ethanol	80	-	24 h	-	⁸
Pd NPs on Fe ₃ O ₄ tannic acid	50% ethanol	25	0.21	1.5 h	310	⁹
Pd NPs on Organic polymer	ethanol	25	0.47	3 h	70	¹⁰

Table S4. Comparison of the catalytic activity of our Pd NPs for Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling reaction using bromobenzene and 4-methoxy phenylboronic acid in presence K_2CO_3 as base with other recently developed highly active catalysts.

Catalyst	Pd mol%	Solvent	Temperature (°C)	Time	Yield (%)	TOF (h^{-1})	Reference
Pd NPs	0.008	EtOH: H ₂ O	Reflux	2 h	94	5802	Our work
Pd NPs	0.2	EtOH: H ₂ O	26 (RT)	110 min	94	216	Our work
Pd-Fe/BNNS	0.02	EtOH: H ₂ O	Reflux	1 h	99	4950	⁵
G/MWCNTs/Pd	0.5	EtOH: H ₂ O	60	1.5 h	92	122.6	¹¹
Pd/Al ₂ O ₃	0.1	NMP-H ₂ O	65	5 h	68	136	¹²
SWCNT-PAMAM3.0-Pd	0.1	EtOH: H ₂ O	50	5 h	99	198	¹³
Pd-SiO ₂ @Fe ₃ O ₄	0.3	EtOH: H ₂ O	60	24 h	96	13.3	¹⁴
Pd@C-dots@Fe ₃ O ₄	0.22	EtOH: H ₂ O	30	12 h	93	35.2	¹⁵
Pd-BC catalytic sheet	1.52	EtOH	80	3 h	66	261	¹
PdNP@3a	1.0	toluene / H ₂ O	140	2.5 h	99	800	¹⁶

Table S5. Rate constant and TOF for reduction of various nitroarene compounds in the presence of Pd NPs using NaBH₄ as reducing agent at room temperature.

Sl. No.	Nitro compound	Time (s)	Conversion (%)	Rate constant (s ⁻¹)	TOF (h ⁻¹)
1	4-nitrophenol	10	63	0.106	652
2	2-nitrophenol	20	50	0.051	396
3	3-nitrophenol	9	35	0.059	411
4	2,4 dinitrophenol	11	48	0.072	893
5	Picric acid (2,4,6 trinitrophenol)	19	73	0.090	1118
6	2-hydroxyl-5-nitrobenzaldehyde	14	65	0.095	479
7	4-nitroaniline	34	61	0.045	184

Table S6. Comparison of the catalytic activity of our Pd NPs and Pd-PUF for 4-NP reduction in presence of NaBH₄ with that of other efficient catalysts developed recently.

Catalyst	Time (sec)	Rate constant (s ⁻¹)	Catalyst amount	TOF	Reference
Pd NPs	27	0.106	10 µg	652 h⁻¹	<i>Our work</i>
Pd-PUF	120	0.031	25 µg	379 h⁻¹	<i>Our work</i>
Pd NPs /Polystyrene/ RGO	600	4.77×10^{-3}	-	-	4
Pt NPs/ COF	480	-	0.04 µmol	56 h ⁻¹	6
Pd NPs on Cellulose filter paper	900	4.40×10^{-3}	-	-	7
Cu/Silica nanosphere	390	0.0093	50 µl	3 h ⁻¹	17
Ag/CMP	1800	0.0014	7.4 mg	198 h ⁻¹	18
Pd NPs/Fe ₃ O ₄	60	0.051	5 mg	-	19
PtPd/N-HCS	180	-	2 mg	-	20
AuCu NPs/MgO	1800	0.0003	30 mg	4.2 h ⁻¹	21
Au NPs/peptide	200	0.0109	0.2 µmol	-	22
Ag NPs/PPA	200	0.0154	50 µl	100 mol g ⁻¹ h ⁻¹	23
Pd/TiO ₂	420	0.012	-	162 h ⁻¹	24

Table S7. Optimization of catalyst amount for Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling reaction using Pd-PUF. (Reaction conditions – 1.2 mmol phenylboronic acid, 1 mmol iodobenzene, 2 mmol K₂CO₃, room temperature, stirring rate of 1200 rpm, solvent-H₂O (2 ml) + ethanol (2 ml)).

Pd in Pd-PUF (μg)	Time	TOF (h⁻¹)
580	25	416
350	35	494
120	80	629
50	150	806
18	300	1120
13	420	1106

Table S8: List of Pd based nanostructures used in Suzuki-Miyaura coupling reactions for demonstrating heterogeneous or homogeneous behavior.

	Catalyst	Pd leaching test	Nature	Reference
1	PVP supported Pd NPs	Negligible leaching	Heterogeneous	25
2	polystyrene-divinylbenzene stabilized Pd NPs	Negligible leaching	Heterogeneous	26
3	Au–Pd superstructures	Negligible leaching	Heterogeneous	27
4	Pd(0)/polyvinyl chloride	Negligible leaching	Heterogeneous	28
5	Pd/Al ₂ O ₃	50% Pd ion leaches out during reaction	Homogeneous	29
6	PdCuCeO	Pd particle leaches out	Quasi-heterogeneous	30
7	Pd/CeO ₂	Pd particle leaches out	Homogeneous	31
8	Ion exchange resin supported Pd nanoparticle	40% Pd ion leaches out during reaction	Homogeneous	32
9	Silica supported Pd-Au nanocrystal	Pd ion leaches out during reaction	Homogeneous	33
10	Pd nanostructures	Pd particle leaches out	Homogeneous	34

NOTE: In many articles describing the reaction as homogeneous, it is not clear whether the leached out species is a molecular species or a nanoparticle from the catalyst support. As seen in entries 6 and 7, the authors describe that Pd nanoparticles that had come off the support are responsible for the coupling reaction and in that sense these can still be considered as heterogeneous catalyst.

^1H NMR of products obtained from Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling reactions.

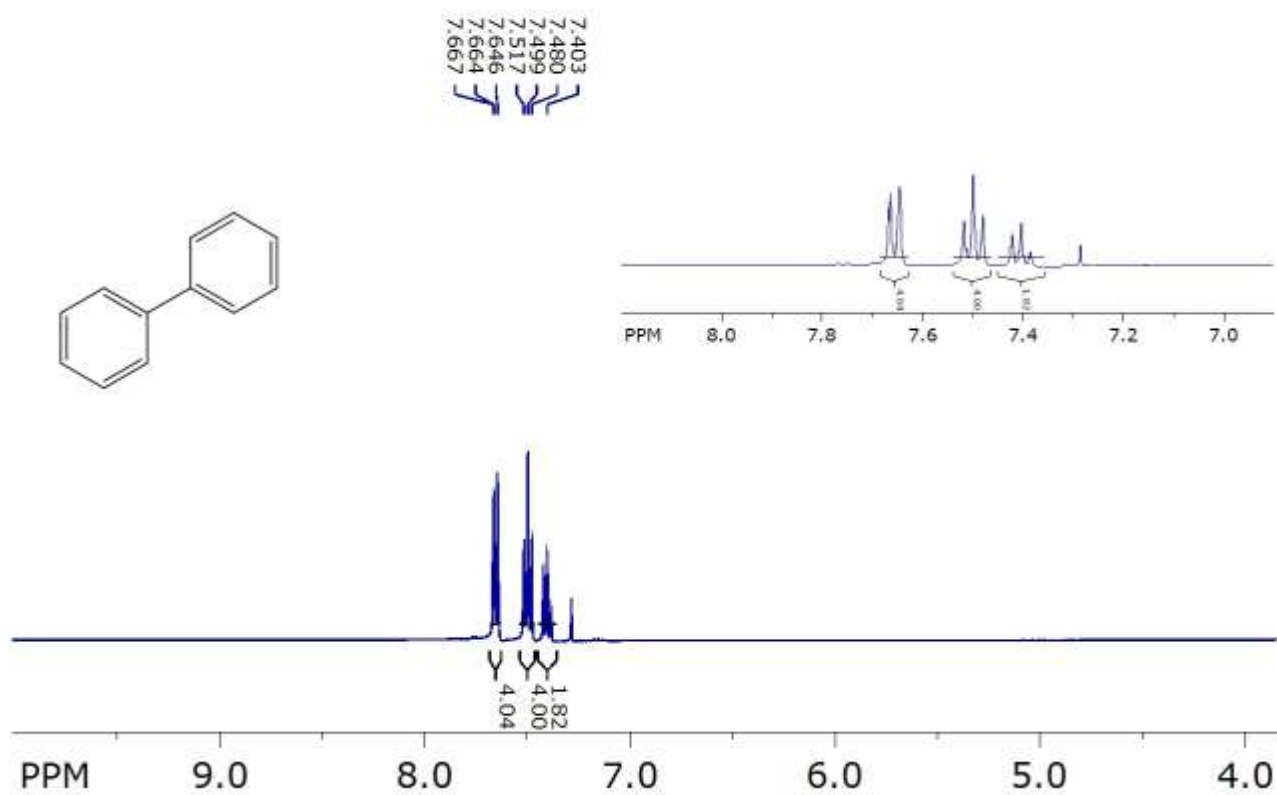


Figure S11. ^1H NMR spectrum of 1,1'-biphenyl in CDCl_3 .

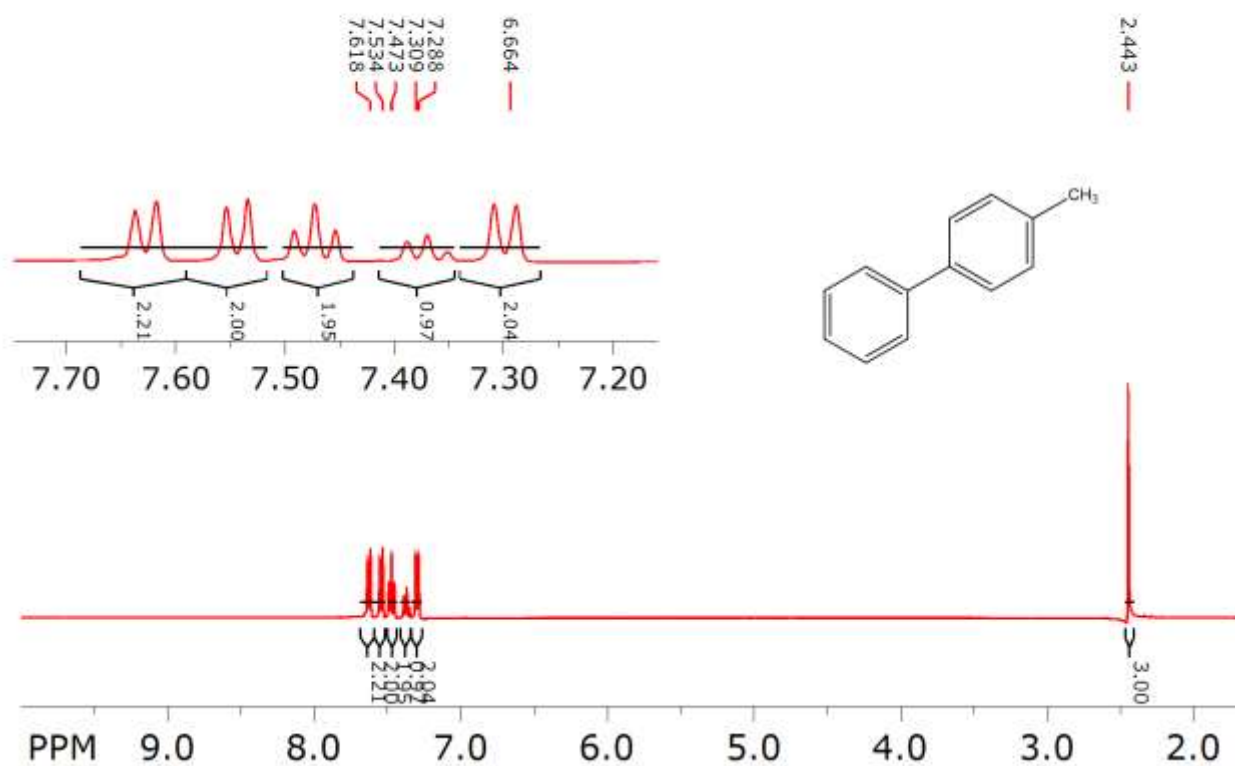


Figure S12. ^1H NMR spectrum of 4-methyl-1,1'-biphenyl in CDCl_3 .

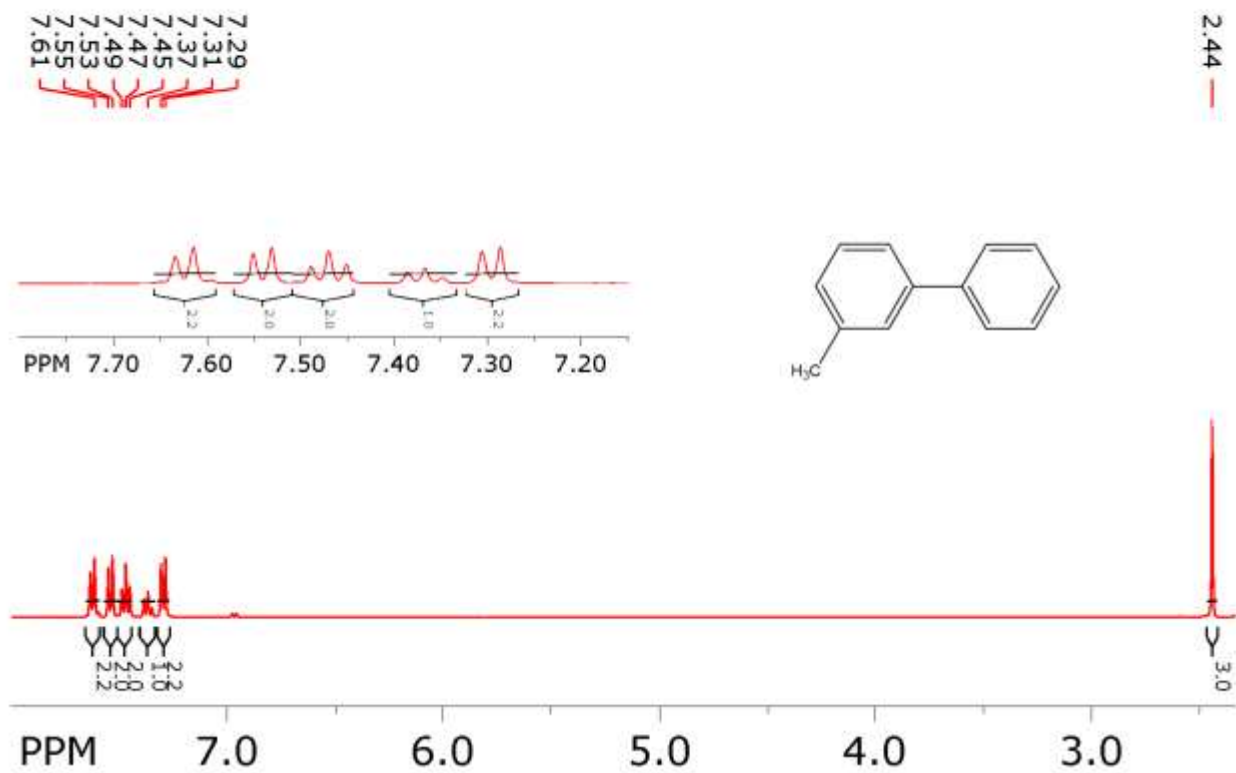


Figure S13. ¹H NMR spectrum of 3-methyl-1,1'-biphenyl in CDCl₃.

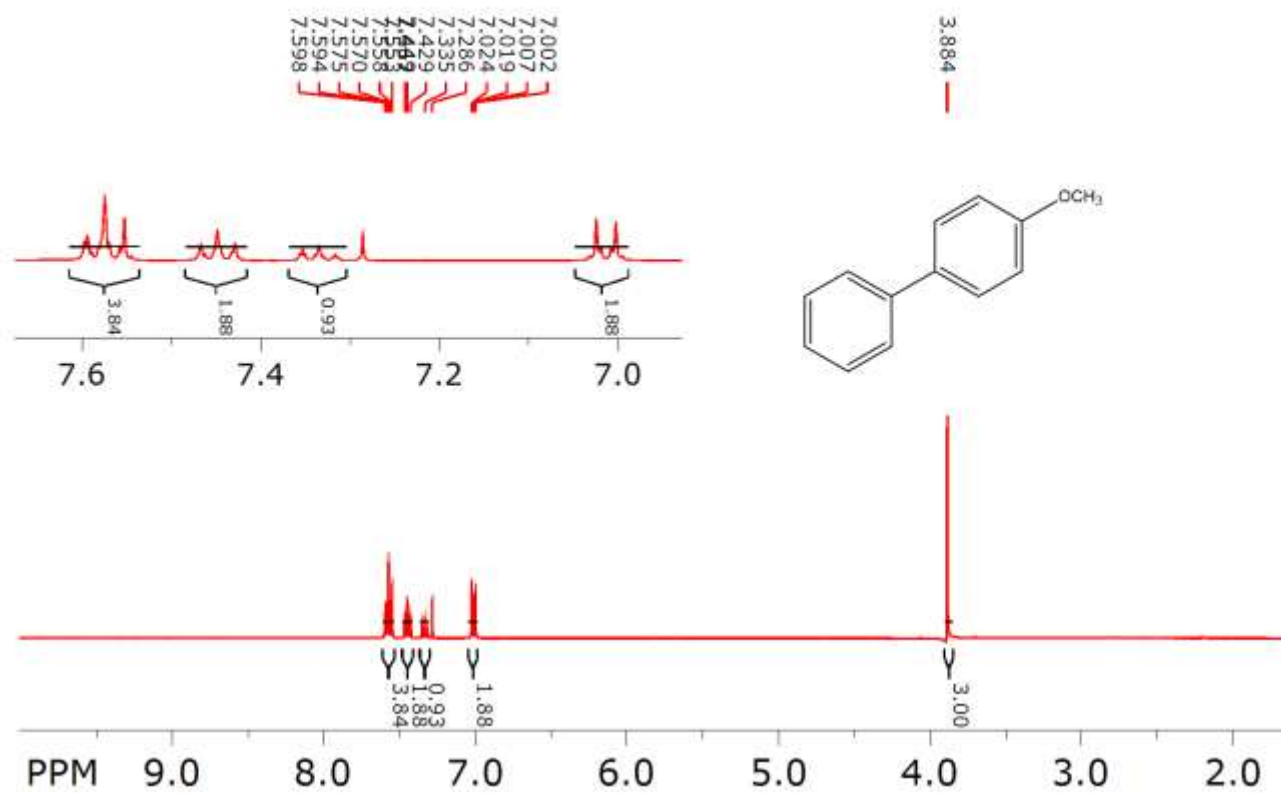


Figure S14. ¹H NMR spectrum of 4-methoxy-1,1'-biphenyl in CDCl₃.

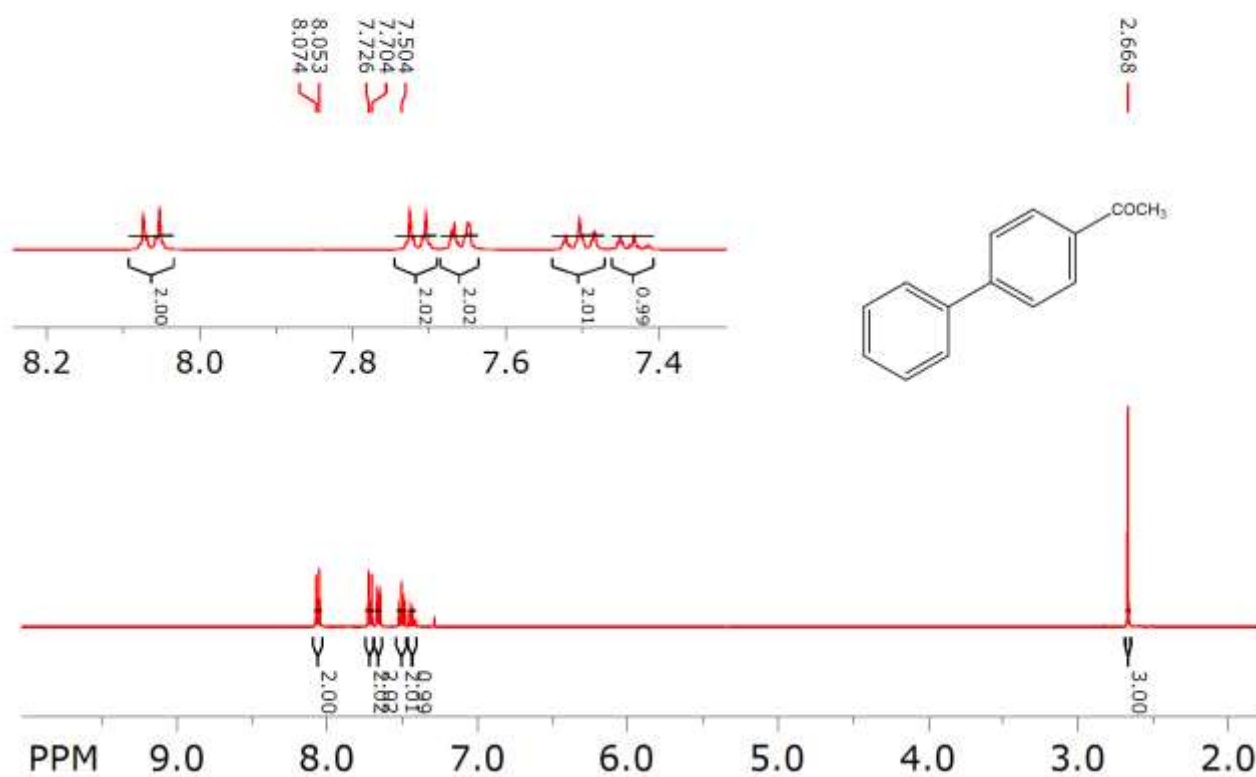


Figure S15. ^1H NMR spectrum of 1-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)ethanone in CDCl_3 .

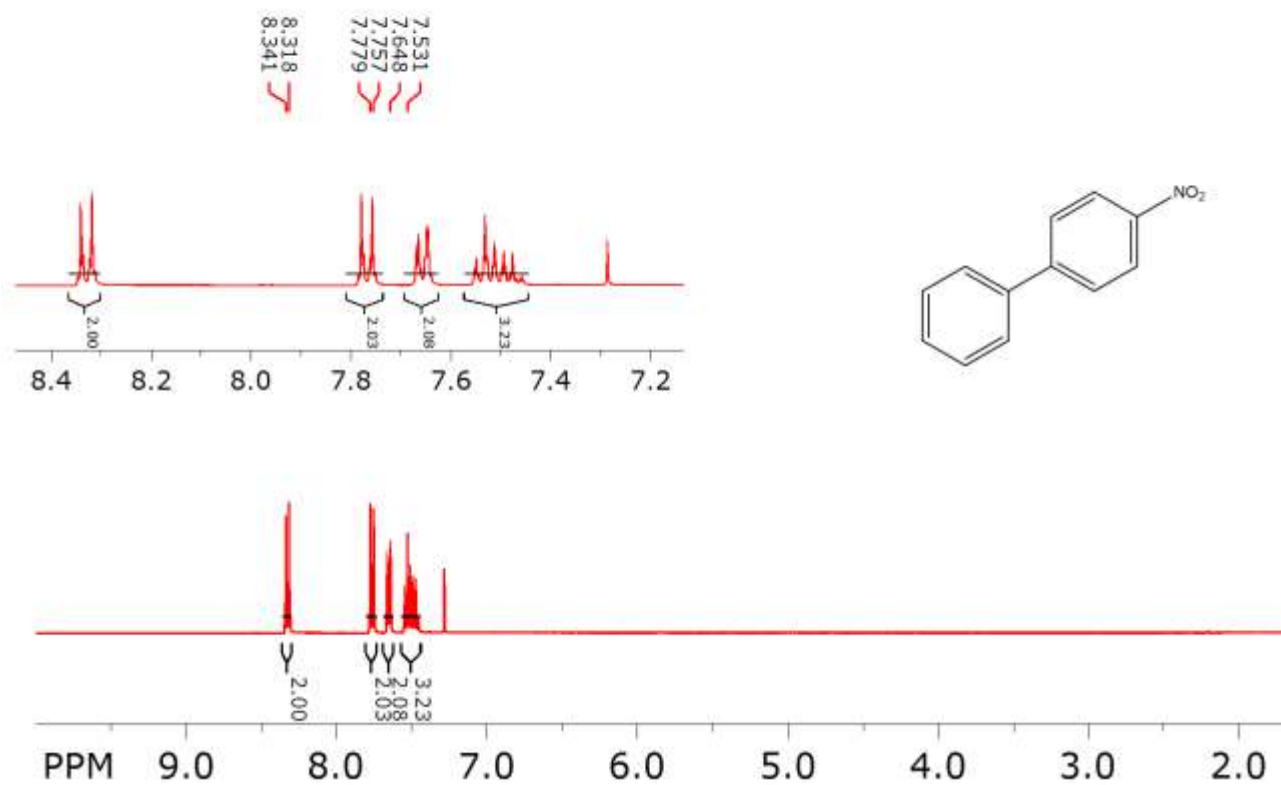


Figure S16. ^1H NMR spectrum of 4-nitro-1,1'-biphenyl in CDCl_3 .

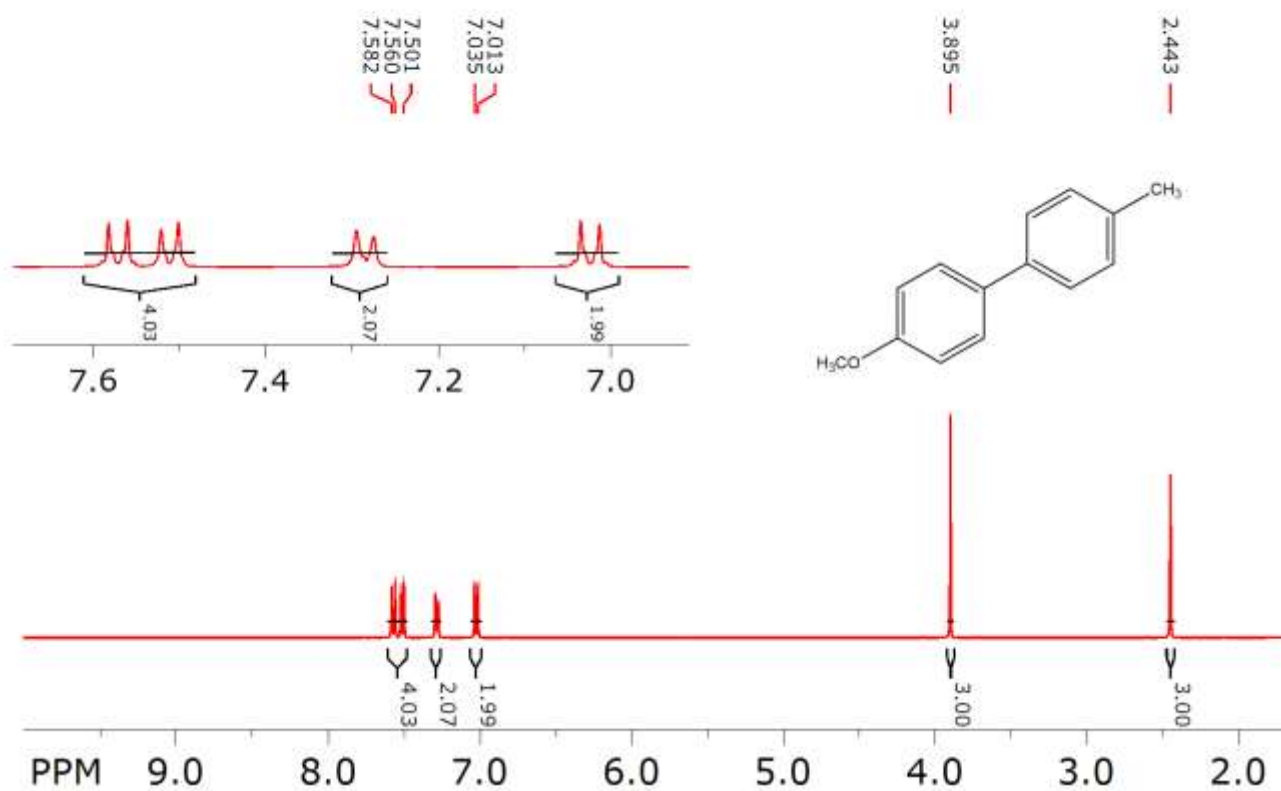


Figure S17. ^1H NMR spectrum of 4-methoxy-4'-methyl-1,1'-biphenyl in CDCl_3 .

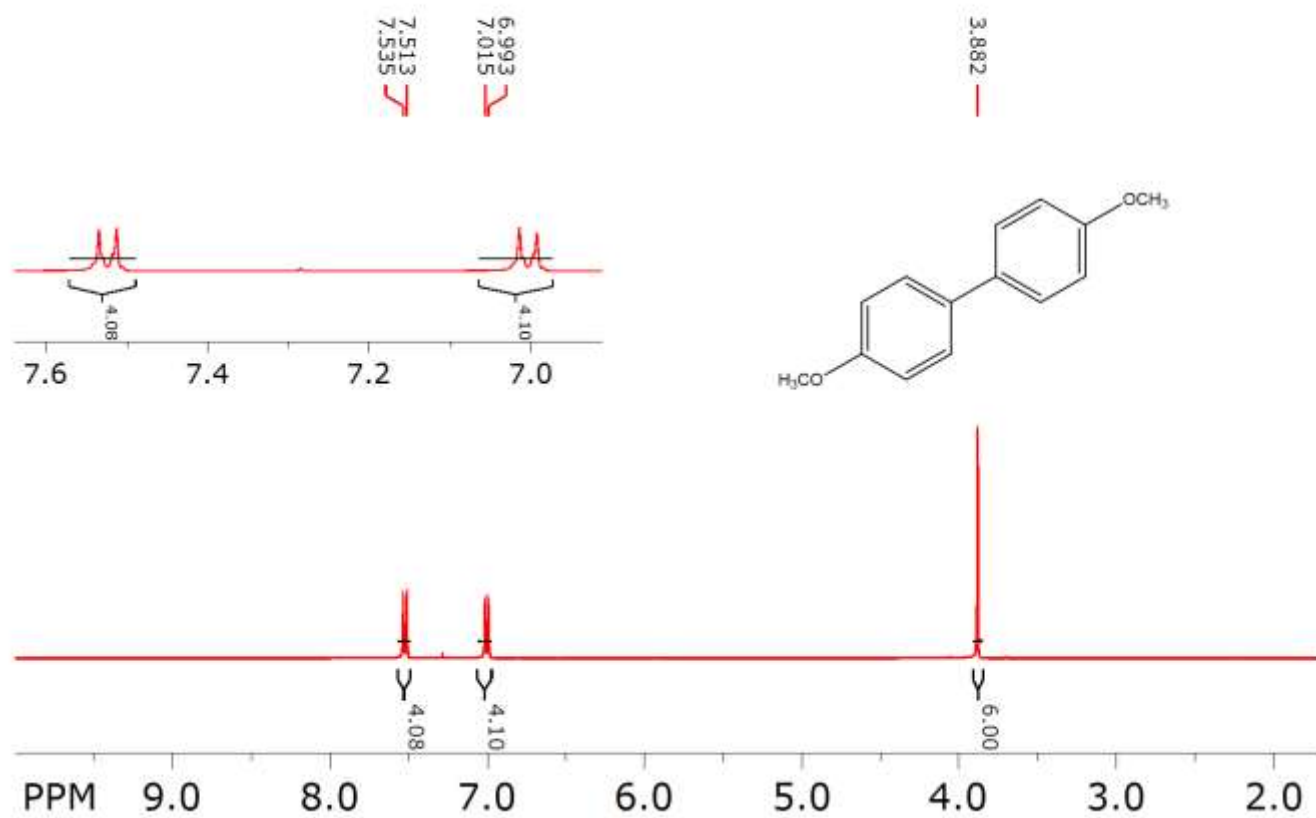


Figure S18. ^1H NMR spectrum of 4,4'-dimethoxy-1,1'-biphenyl in CDCl_3 .

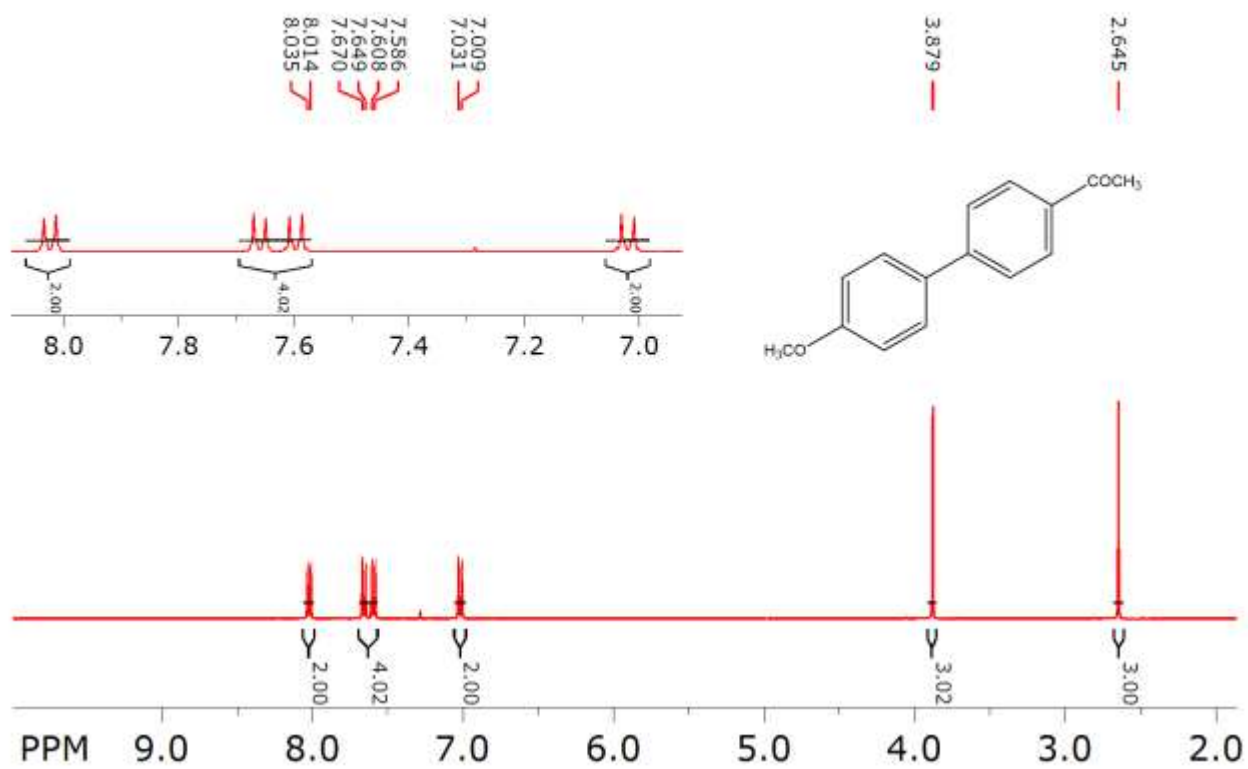


Figure S19. ^1H NMR spectrum of 1-(4'-methoxy-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)ethanone in CDCl_3 .

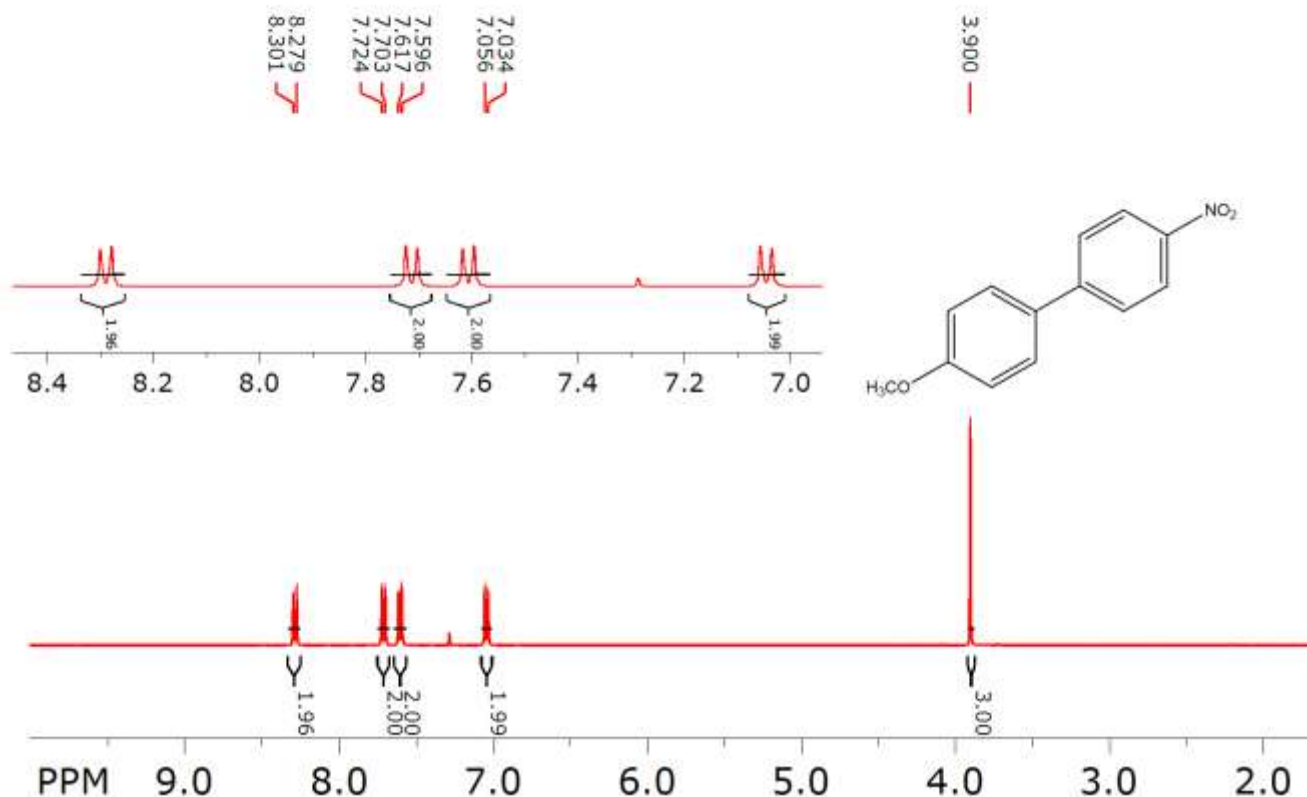


Figure S20. ^1H NMR spectrum of 4-methoxy-4'-nitro-1,1'-biphenyl in CDCl_3 .

References

- (1) Xiang, Z.; Chen, Y.; Liu, Q.; Lu, F. A Highly Recyclable Dip-Catalyst Produced from Palladium Nanoparticle-Embedded Bacterial Cellulose and Plant Fibers. *Green Chem.* **2018**, 20 (5), 1085–1094. <https://doi.org/10.1039/c7gc02835k>.
- (2) Li, Y.; Xu, L.; Xu, B.; Mao, Z.; Xu, H.; Zhong, Y.; Zhang, L.; Wang, B.; Sui, X. Cellulose Sponge Supported Palladium Nanoparticles as Recyclable Cross-Coupling Catalysts. *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces* **2017**, 9 (20), 17155–17162. <https://doi.org/10.1021/acsami.7b03600>.
- (3) Qiu, L.; Jin, Y.; Hu, Y.; Zhang, W.; Park, W.; McCaffrey, R.; Sun, H.; Gong, Y. Cage-Templated Synthesis of Highly Stable Palladium Nanoparticles and Their Catalytic Activities in Suzuki–Miyaura Coupling. *Chem. Sci.* **2017**, 9 (3), 676–680. <https://doi.org/10.1039/c7sc03148c>.
- (4) Ni, X.; Wu, Z.; Gu, X.; Wang, D.; Yang, C.; Sun, P.; Li, Y. In Situ Growth of Clean Pd Nanoparticles on Polystyrene Microspheres Assisted by Functional Reduced Graphene Oxide and Their Excellent Catalytic Properties. *Langmuir* **2017**, 33 (33), 8157–8164.

<https://doi.org/10.1021/acs.langmuir.7b01214>.

- (5) Fu, Q.; Meng, Y.; Fang, Z.; Hu, Q.; Xu, L.; Gao, W.; Huang, X.; Xue, Q.; Sun, Y. P.; Lu, F. Boron Nitride Nanosheet-Anchored Pd-Fe Core-Shell Nanoparticles as Highly Efficient Catalysts for Suzuki-Miyaura Coupling Reactions. *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces* **2017**, 9 (3), 2469–2476. <https://doi.org/10.1021/acsami.6b13570>.
- (6) Lu, S.; Hu, Y.; Wan, S.; McCaffrey, R.; Jin, Y.; Gu, H.; Zhang, W. Synthesis of Ultrafine and Highly Dispersed Metal Nanoparticles Confined in a Thioether-Containing Covalent Organic Framework and Their Catalytic Applications. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2017**, 139 (47), 17082–17088. <https://doi.org/10.1021/jacs.7b07918>.
- (7) Zheng, G.; Kaefer, K.; Mourdikoudis, S.; Polavarapu, L.; Vaz, B.; Cartmell, S. E.; Bouleghlimat, A.; Buurma, N. J.; Yate, L.; De Lera, Á. R.; Liz-Marzán, L. M.; Pastoriza-Santos, I.; Pérez-Juste, J. Palladium Nanoparticle-Loaded Cellulose Paper: A Highly Efficient, Robust, and Recyclable Self-Assembled Composite Catalytic System. *J. Phys. Chem. Lett.* **2015**, 6 (2), 230–238. <https://doi.org/10.1021/jz5024948>.
- (8) Wang, C.; Salmon, L.; Ciganda, R.; Yate, L.; Moya, S.; Ruiz, J.; Astruc, D. An Efficient Parts-per-Million α -Fe₂O₃ Nanocluster/Graphene Oxide Catalyst for Suzuki-Miyaura Coupling Reactions and 4-Nitrophenol Reduction in Aqueous Solution. *Chem. Commun.* **2017**, 53 (3), 644–646. <https://doi.org/10.1039/c6cc08401j>.
- (9) Veisi, H.; Pirhayati, M.; Kakanejadifard, A.; Mohammadi, P.; Abdi, M. R.; Gholami, J.; Hemmati, S. In Situ Green Synthesis of Pd Nanoparticles on Tannic Acid-Modified Magnetite Nanoparticles as a Green Reductant and Stabilizer Agent: Its Application as a Recyclable Nanocatalyst (Fe₃O₄@TA/Pd) for Reduction of 4-Nitrophenol and Suzuki Reactions. *ChemistrySelect* **2018**, 3 (6), 1820–1826. <https://doi.org/10.1002/slct.201702869>.
- (10) Dey, S. K.; Dietrich, D.; Wegner, S.; Gil-Hernández, B.; Harmalkar, S. S.; de Sousa Amadeu, N.; Janiak, C. Palladium Nanoparticle-Immobilized Porous Polyurethane Material for Quick and Efficient Heterogeneous Catalysis of Suzuki-Miyaura Cross-Coupling Reaction at Room Temperature. *ChemistrySelect* **2018**, 3 (5), 1365–1370. <https://doi.org/10.1002/slct.201702083>.
- (11) Song, H.; Zhu, Q.; Zheng, X.; Chen, X. One-Step Synthesis of Three-Dimensional Graphene/Multiwalled Carbon Nanotubes/Pd Composite Hydrogels: An Efficient Recyclable Catalyst for Suzuki Coupling Reactions. *J. Mater. Chem. A* **2015**, 3 (19), 10368–10377.
- (12) Soomro, S. S.; Ansari, F. L.; Chatziapostolou, K.; Köhler, K. Palladium Leaching Dependent on Reaction Parameters in Suzuki–Miyaura Coupling Reactions Catalyzed by Palladium Supported on Alumina under Mild Reaction Conditions. *J. Catal.* **2010**, 273 (2), 138–146. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jcat.2010.05.007>.
- (13) Giacalone, F.; Campisciano, V.; Calabrese, C.; La Parola, V.; Syrgiannis, Z.; Prato, M.; Gruttadauria, M. Single-Walled Carbon Nanotube–Polyamidoamine Dendrimer Hybrids for Heterogeneous Catalysis. *ACS Nano* **2016**, 10 (4), 4627–4636.
- (14) Gholinejad, M.; Razezghi, M.; Ghaderi, A.; Biji, P. Palladium Supported on Phosphinite Functionalized Fe₃O₄ Nanoparticles as a New Magnetically Separable Catalyst for Suzuki–Miyaura Coupling Reactions in Aqueous Media. *Catal. Sci. Technol.* **2016**, 6 (9), 3117–3127.
- (15) Gholinejad, M.; Seyedhamzeh, M.; Razezghi, M.; Najera, C.; Kompany-Zareh, M. Iron Oxide Nanoparticles Modified with Carbon Quantum Nanodots for the Stabilization of Palladium Nanoparticles: An Efficient Catalyst for the Suzuki Reaction in Aqueous Media under Mild Conditions. *ChemCatChem* **2016**, 8 (2), 441–447.

- (16) Qiu, L.; McCaffrey, R.; Jin, Y.; Gong, Y.; Hu, Y.; Sun, H.; Park, W.; Zhang, W. Cage-Templated Synthesis of Highly Stable Palladium Nanoparticles and Their Catalytic Activities in Suzuki–Miyaura Coupling. *Chem. Sci.* **2018**, *9* (3), 676–680.
- (17) Jiang, J.; Soo Lim, Y.; Park, S.; Kim, S. H.; Yoon, S.; Piao, L. Hollow Porous Cu Particles from Silica-Encapsulated Cu₂O Nanoparticle Aggregates Effectively Catalyze 4-Nitrophenol Reduction. *Nanoscale* **2017**, *9* (11), 3873–3880. <https://doi.org/10.1039/c6nr09934c>.
- (18) Cao, H. L.; Huang, H. B.; Chen, Z.; Karadeniz, B.; Lü, J.; Cao, R. Ultrafine Silver Nanoparticles Supported on a Conjugated Microporous Polymer as High-Performance Nanocatalysts for Nitrophenol Reduction. *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces* **2017**, *9* (6), 5231–5236. <https://doi.org/10.1021/acsami.6b13186>.
- (19) Atarod, M.; Nasrollahzadeh, M.; Mohammad Sajadi, S. Green Synthesis of Pd/RGO/Fe₃O₄ Nanocomposite Using Withania Coagulans Leaf Extract and Its Application as Magnetically Separable and Reusable Catalyst for the Reduction of 4-Nitrophenol. *J. Colloid Interface Sci.* **2016**, *465*, 249–258. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jcis.2015.11.060>.
- (20) Zhang, C.; Zhang, R.; He, S.; Li, L.; Wang, X.; Liu, M.; Chen, W. 4-Nitrophenol Reduction by a Single Platinum Palladium Nanocube Caged within a Nitrogen-Doped Hollow Carbon Nanosphere. *ChemCatChem* **2017**, *9* (6), 980–986. <https://doi.org/10.1002/cctc.201601364>.
- (21) Cai, R.; Ellis, P. R.; Yin, J.; Liu, J.; Brown, C. M.; Griffin, R.; Chang, G.; Yang, D.; Ren, J.; Cooke, K.; Bishop, P. T.; Theis, W.; Palmer, R. E. Performance of Preformed Au/Cu Nanoclusters Deposited on MgO Powders in the Catalytic Reduction of 4-Nitrophenol in Solution. *Small* **2018**, *14* (13), 1–10. <https://doi.org/10.1002/sml.201703734>.
- (22) Lawrence, R. L.; Scola, B.; Li, Y.; Lim, C. K.; Liu, Y.; Prasad, P. N.; Swihart, M. T.; Knecht, M. R. Remote Optically Controlled Modulation of Catalytic Properties of Nanoparticles through Reconfiguration of the Inorganic/Organic Interface. *ACS Nano* **2016**, *10* (10), 9470–9477. <https://doi.org/10.1021/acsnano.6b04555>.
- (23) Kästner, C.; Thünemann, A. F. Catalytic Reduction of 4-Nitrophenol Using Silver Nanoparticles with Adjustable Activity. *Langmuir* **2016**, *32* (29), 7383–7391. <https://doi.org/10.1021/acs.langmuir.6b01477>.
- (24) Liu, T.; Sun, Y.; Jiang, B.; Guo, W.; Qin, W.; Xie, Y.; Zhao, B.; Zhao, L.; Liang, Z.; Jiang, L. Pd Nanoparticle-Decorated 3D-Printed Hierarchically Porous TiO₂ Scaffolds for the Efficient Reduction of a Highly Concentrated 4-Nitrophenol Solution. *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces* **2020**, *12* (25), 28100–28109. <https://doi.org/10.1021/acsami.0c03959>.
- (25) Ellis, P. J.; Fairlamb, I. J. S.; Hackett, S. F. J.; Wilson, K.; Lee, A. F. Evidence for the Surface-Catalyzed Suzuki-Miyaura Reaction over Palladium Nanoparticles: An Operando XAS Study. *Angew. Chemie - Int. Ed.* **2010**, *49* (10), 1820–1824. <https://doi.org/10.1002/anie.200906675>.
- (26) Kaur, H.; Shah, D.; Pal, U. Resin Encapsulated Palladium Nanoparticles: An Efficient and Robust Catalyst for Microwave Enhanced Suzuki-Miyaura Coupling. *Catal. Commun.* **2011**, *12* (14), 1384–1388. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.catcom.2011.05.012>.
- (27) Zhao, Y.; Du, L.; Li, H.; Xie, W.; Chen, J. Is the Suzuki-Miyaura Cross-Coupling Reaction in the Presence of Pd Nanoparticles Heterogeneously or Homogeneously Catalyzed? An Interfacial Surface-Enhanced Raman Spectroscopy Study. *J. Phys. Chem. Lett.* **2019**, *10* (6), 1286–1291. <https://doi.org/10.1021/acs.jpcclett.9b00351>.
- (28) Samarasimhareddy, M.; Prabhu, G.; Vishwanatha, T. M.; Sureshbabu, V. V. ChemInform

Abstract: PVC-Supported Palladium Nanoparticles: An Efficient Catalyst for Suzuki Cross-Coupling Reactions at Room Temperature. *ChemInform* **2013**, 44 (33).
<https://doi.org/10.1002/chin.201333084>.

- (29) Soomro, S. S.; Ansari, F. L.; Chatziapostolou, K.; Köhler, K. Palladium Leaching Dependent on Reaction Parameters in Suzuki-Miyaura Coupling Reactions Catalyzed by Palladium Supported on Alumina under Mild Reaction Conditions. *J. Catal.* **2010**, 273 (2), 138–146.
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jcat.2010.05.007>.
- (30) Mpungose, P. P.; Sehloko, N. I.; Maguire, G. E. M.; Friedrich, H. B. PdCuCeO-TPAB: A New Catalytic System for Quasi-Heterogeneous Suzuki-Miyaura Cross-Coupling Reactions under Ligand-Free Conditions in Water. *New J. Chem.* **2017**, 41 (22), 13560–13566.
<https://doi.org/10.1039/c7nj02759a>.
- (31) Lichtenegger, G. J.; Maier, M.; Hackl, M.; Khinast, J. G.; Gössler, W.; Griesser, T.; Kumar, V. S. P.; Gruber-Woelfler, H.; Deshpande, P. A. Suzuki-Miyaura Coupling Reactions Using Novel Metal Oxide Supported Ionic Palladium Catalysts. *J. Mol. Catal. A Chem.* **2017**, 426, 39–51.
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.molcata.2016.10.033>.
- (32) Van Vaerenbergh, B.; Lauwaert, J.; Thybaut, J. W.; Vermeir, P.; De Clercq, J. Pd Nanoparticle and Molecular Pd²⁺ Leaching Pathways for a Strongly Acid versus Strongly Basic Resin Supported Pd Nanoparticle Catalyst in Suzuki Coupling. *Chem. Eng. J.* **2019**, 374 (January), 576–588. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cej.2019.05.197>.
- (33) Niu, Z.; Peng, Q.; Zhuang, Z.; He, W.; Li, Y. Evidence of an Oxidative-Addition-Promoted Pd-Leaching Mechanism in the Suzuki Reaction by Using a Pd-Nanostructure Design. *Chem. - A Eur. J.* **2012**, 18 (32), 9813–9817. <https://doi.org/10.1002/chem.201201224>.
- (34) Collins, G.; Schmidt, M.; O'Dwyer, C.; Holmes, J. D.; McGlacken, G. P. The Origin of Shape Sensitivity in Palladium-Catalyzed Suzuki–Miyaura Cross Coupling Reactions. *Angew. Chemie Int. Ed.* **2014**, 53 (16), 4142–4145. <https://doi.org/10.1002/anie.201400483>.