# Separation of hadronic $\sqrt{WW/ZZ}$ decays at the ILC

Research Practice Presentation

Jakob Beyer  $^{1,2}$ , Michael Kobel  $^2$ , Jenny List  $^1$ 

<sup>1</sup>DESY Hamburg

<sup>2</sup>Technische Universität Dresden

April 23, 2018















#### The International Linear Collider

The International Large Detector

Hadronic WW/ZZ decays

My plan

WW/ZZ separation

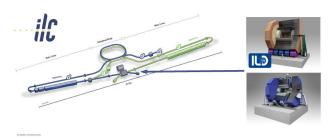
Jet reconstruction

Jet corrections

WW/ZZ separation as performance check



### The International Linear Collider (ILC)



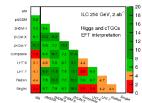
- Future linear  $e^+e^-$  Collider:  $\sqrt{s}=250\,{\rm GeV}$  (First stage, extendable up to  $1\,{\rm TeV}$ )
- Construction under political consideration in the Kitakami mountains, Tōhoku region, Japan
- lacktriangle Both beams  $(e^+$  ,  $e^-$ ) are polarized:  $P_{e^-}=\pm 80\%, \quad P_{e^+}=\pm 30\%$

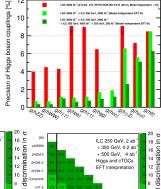


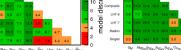
### ILC physics case

### Current running scenario: 2 ab<sup>-1</sup> @ 250 GeV

- Higgs factory
  - Model-independet measurements
  - Precision coupling measurements
- Precision electro-weak physics
  - Triple Gauge Couplings
  - BSM model discrimination
- New particles
  - Light scalar searches







#### Extendable up to 1 TeV:

- Top physics
- Electroweak measurements ⇒ Quartic Gauge Couplings
- New particles



### Testing & Optimizing the physics case

Currently severe lack of ILC data...

⇒ Physics studies based on detector simulations

► Highly detailed simulation using Geant4
→ ATLAS, ALICE, ISS, LISA, ...
(geant4.web.cern.ch)



Simulation validated against R&D testbeam data









#### Recent developements:

- Geometry description switched to CERN-developed DD4HEP
- Detector & software optimizations
  - detector size
  - subdetector options (calorimeters types)
  - additional magnet structure



The International Linear Collider

The International Large Detector

Hadronic WW/ZZ decays

My plan

WW/ZZ separation

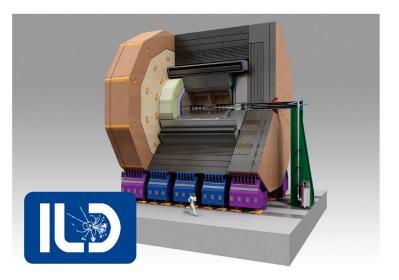
Jet reconstruction

Jet corrections

WW/ZZ separation as performance check



### The International Large Detector (ILD)





## The International Large Detector (ILD)

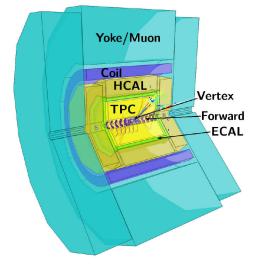


Figure :  $\nu\nu + 4$  jets event in current ILD model.

Optimized for:

Particle Flow and precision physics

- Particle Flow:
   Use only information from subdetector with best resolution
- ► Highly granular calorimeters
- Efficient tracking using Time Projection Chamber
- Full solid angle coverage



### Electroweak precision at the ILD

- ► TPC + high-granularity calorimeters
   ⇒ Cluster/Particle separation
  - ⇒ Cluster/Farticle's

Particle Flow:

- ► Find clusters & tracks Combine Particles
- Charged particle info from tracker + PID (not CALs!)
- ⇒ Jet Energy Resolution (JER) ~ few %
- ► Can separate hadronic W/Z decays! (BR $\sim$ 70%)
  - ightarrow Precision EW physics in hadronic final states

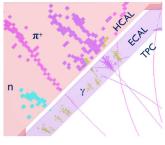
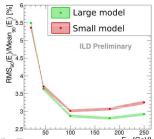


Figure: 250 GeV jet in the ILD [arXiv:1308.4537]



- Separate W and Z by invariant dijet mass
  - $\rightarrow$  Benchmark:

JER:  $\sigma_E/E \sim 3-4\%$ 

- Tested in full detector MC simulation
  - $\Rightarrow$  Achievable with current technology



9/37

The International Linear Collider

The International Large Detector

Hadronic WW/ZZ decays

My plan

WW/ZZ separation

Jet reconstruction

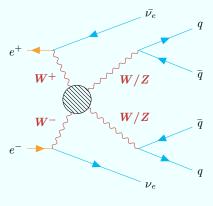
Jet corrections

WW/ZZ separation as performance check



## $e^+e^- \longrightarrow \nu\nu q\bar{q}q\bar{q}$ : physical motivation

Matrix Element (ME) for  $\nu\nu q\bar{q}q\bar{q}$  final state includes Vector Boson Scattering (VBS):



- ▶ In SM w/o Higgs:  $WW \rightarrow WW/ZZ$  scattering ME diverges at  $\sqrt{s} \ge 1.2\,\text{TeV}$   $\Rightarrow$  Higgs restores unitarity
- ▶ If Higgs not SM-like:
   Scenarios of delayed unitarity restoration
   → Test for BSM physics
- Semi-/Leptonic final states also possible, but: BR( $W/Z \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ )  $\sim 70\%$
- ▶ Requires high  $\sqrt{s}$ ⇒ Studies in this talk at  $\sqrt{s} = 1 \text{ TeV}$ ∴ Test of detector design

$$\Longrightarrow$$
 Study  $e^+e^- o 
u 
u WW/ZZ o 
u 
u q ar q q ar q$  at  $\sqrt{s}=1$  TeV at the ILD



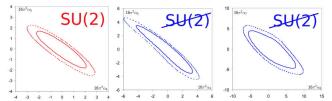
### VBS searches: What can be achieved?

Previous study (incl.  $WW \to WW/ZZ$  search) tested limit setting for EW extensions of SM w/ ILC [hep-ph/0604048]:

### Theory:

$$\mathcal{L}_0 = \mathcal{L}_{\mathsf{SM}} + \sum_i lpha_i \mathcal{L}_i^{\mathsf{anomalous}} \;, \, \mathsf{e.g.} \; \mathcal{L}_4 = (\mathsf{tr} \, \{ \, V_\mu \, V_
u \})^2$$

**Results:** 1 TeV, 1 ab $^{-1}$ ,  $80\%e_L^-$ ,  $40\%e_R^+$ 



#### SU(2)

coupling	$\sigma-$	$\sigma+$
$\alpha_4$	-1.41	1.38
$\alpha_5$	-1.16	1.09

#### SLHZT

coupling	$\sigma$ -	$\sigma+$
$\alpha_4$	-2.72	2.37
$\alpha_5$	-2.46	2.35
$\alpha_6$	-3.93	5.53
$\alpha_7$	-3.22	3.31
$\alpha_{10}$	-5.55	4.55

However: Study from  $2006 \rightarrow \text{old software, detector model, theory...}$ 

 $\Rightarrow$  Needs updates...



The International Linear Collider

The International Large Detector

Hadronic WW/ZZ decays

### My plan

WW/ZZ separation

Jet reconstruction

Jet corrections

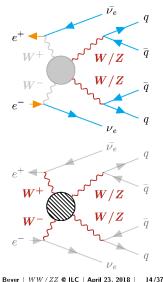
WW/ZZ separation as performance check



### Steps toward VBS analysis

- 1.  $\nu\nu q\bar{q}q\bar{q}$  final state reconstruction → Investigate + optimize
  - WW/ZZ separation
  - jet reconstruction

- 2. VBS analysis
  - Analysis with full SM and overlay background
  - Interpretation using Higgs EFT





The International Linear Collider

The International Large Detector

Hadronic WW/ZZ decays

My plan

WW/ZZ separation

Jet reconstruction

Jet corrections

WW/ZZ separation as performance check



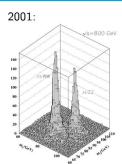
### Previous studies

#### Study has been performed before:

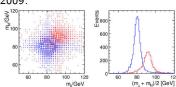
- 2001: Strong EWSB Singal in WW Scattering at TESLA (Chierici, Rosati, Kobel [ [LC-PHSM-2001-038])
- ▶ 2009:  $\nu_e \bar{\nu_e} WW / \nu_e \bar{\nu_e} ZZ@1000$ GeV for ILD Letter of Intent (Ward, Yan [arXiv:1006.3396])

#### → Follow the same 4 basics steps:

- 1. Define WW/ZZ events in  $\nu\nu q\bar{q}q\bar{q}$  sample on generator level
- 2. Detector simulation & event reconstruction
- 3. Apply preselection for SM background reduction
- 4. Find invariant masses of the W/Z candidates









### Motivation for new study

Goal: Investigate separation of WW and ZZ in  $e^+e^- \to \nu\nu WW/ZZ \to \nu\nu q\bar{q}q\bar{q}$  with new detector model, new software, new physics knowledge

- 1. Define WW/ZZ events in  $u 
  u q \bar{q} q \bar{q}$  sample on generator level
- 2. Detector simulation & event reconstruction using iLCSoft (github.com/iLCSoft)
- 3. Apply preselection for SM background reduction
- 4. Find invariant masses of the  $\,W/Z\,$  candidates



# WW/ZZ event definition

Goal: Investigate separation of WW and ZZ in  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \nu\nu WW/ZZ \rightarrow \nu\nu q\bar{q}q\bar{q}$ 

- 1. Define WW/ZZ events in  $\nu\nu q\bar{q}q\bar{q}$  sample on generator level:
  - $\rightarrow$  Want events with  $q\bar{q}q\bar{q}$  from  $WW \rightarrow WW/ZZ$ , but samples use full  $\nu\nu q\bar{q}q\bar{q}$  ME
  - $\rightarrow$  Define  $WW \rightarrow WW/ZZ$  events on generator level:
    - Incoming particles:  $e^-$  left-handed,  $e^+$  right-handed
    - Quark flavours in agreement with WW/ZZ
    - ▶  $147.0 < m_{qq}^1 + m_{qq}^2 < 171.0 \text{ (}WW\text{),}$  $171.0 < m_{qq}^{1} + m_{qq}^{2} < 195.0 \ (ZZ)$
    - $|m_{qq}^1 m_{qq}^2| \le 20.0 \text{GeV}$
    - $m_{\nu_{s}\bar{\nu}_{s}} \ge 100.0 \text{GeV}$



- 3. Apply preselection for SM background reduction
- 4. Find invariant masses of the W/Z candidates

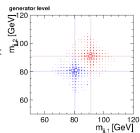


Figure: 2D di-quark mass distributions for events classified as WW or ZZ (normalized).



## Find W/Z invariant masses

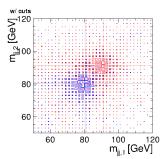
Goal: Investigate separation of WW and ZZ in  $e^+e^- o 
u 
u WW/ZZ o 
u 
u qar q qar q$ 

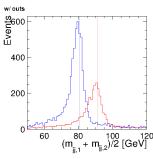
- 1. Define WW/ZZ events in  $u 
  u q \bar{q} q \bar{q}$  sample on generator level
- 2. Detector simulation & event reconstruction using iLCSoft (github.com/iLCSoft)
- 3. Apply preselection for SM background reduction
- 4. Find invariant masses of the W/Z candidates
  - $\rightarrow$  Use reconstructed particle to calculate invariant masses of W/Z candidates
    - Cluster particles into 4 jets
    - lacksquare Pair up jets into 2 boson-dijet candidates by minimizing  $|m_{jj,1}-m_{jj,2}|$
    - ▶ Plot boson masses  $m_{ij}$  for (WW) and (ZZ) events



# WW/ZZ separation plots

- 4. Find invariant masses of the W/Z candidates:
  - ightarrow Use reconstructed particle to calculate invariant masses of  $\,W/Z$  candidates
    - ► Cluster particles into 4 jets
    - lacktriangle Pair up jets into 2 boson-dijet candidates by minimizing  $|m_{jj,1}-m_{jj,2}|$
    - ▶ Plot boson masses  $m_{jj}$  for (WW) and (ZZ) events
    - ▶ Lumi:  $\mathcal{L} = 1 \, \mathrm{ab^{-1}}$ , Polarisations:  $P_{e^-} = -80\%$ ,  $P_{e^+} = +30\%$





- ► Good separation of WW and ZZ peaks.
- ➤ Shifted mass peaks wrt. boson masses →?
- Long tails to high and low  $m_{jj}$





### Recreation of performance plots

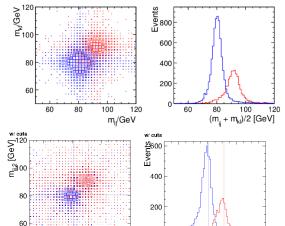
100

m<sub>ii.1</sub> [GeV]

80

60

120



#### Letter of Intent

lacktriangle Well-separated and resolved WW and ZZ peaks

#### Own analysis

- Distribution tails (not observed in Lol)
- Mass peaks shifted wrt. boson masses



## Performance plots - Tail regions

First try: Cause for tail regions?

- ► Tested for ISR effects
  - ightarrow How much of detected energy linked to ISR?
- ► Tested for detector region using  $V\left(W/Z\right)$  boson angle
  - ightarrow Is mass tail angle specific?
- ► Tested jet pairing
  - $\rightarrow$  Does my jet pairing method cause the tails?

 $\Rightarrow$  No cause found  $\longrightarrow$  look into jets!

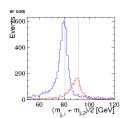


Figure: Using own pairing method.

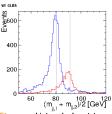
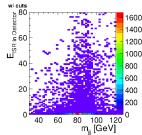
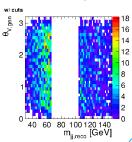


Figure: Using Lol pairing method.





Jakob Beyer | WW / ZZ @ ILC | April 23, 2018 | 2

The International Linear Collider

The International Large Detector

Hadronic WW/ZZ decays

My plan

WW/ZZ separation

Jet reconstruction

Jet corrections

WW/ZZ separation as performance check

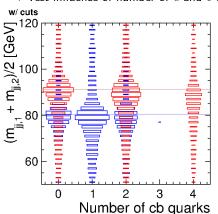


# Influence of heavy quarks

Conjecture: Mass peak shifted due to energy lost to neutrinos

⇒ Dominant in heavy quark jets

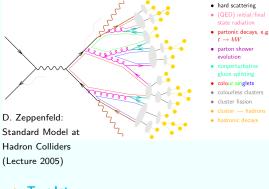
 $\longrightarrow$  Test influence of number of c and b quarks on reconstructed  $m_{jj}$  distributions



- ► Plot:
  - WW & ZZ event definition on generator level
    - lacktriangle reconstructed  $m_{jj}$
- Heavy quarks shift mass peaks
  - $\Rightarrow$  Further investigation!
- Even without heavy quarks tail remains



# The TrueJet processor



#### TrueJet:

- Processor within iLCSoft
- Use MC/simulation information to check parton/jet information on intermediate stages of event measurement
- ⇒ Distinguish clustering, detector resolution, detector acceptance, ... Jakob Bi

quarks Parton | shower partons Hadronization, fragmentation hadrons Detector acceptance detected particles Det. resolution, | Particle Flow

clustered jets

reconstructed particles

| April 23, 2018 | 25/37

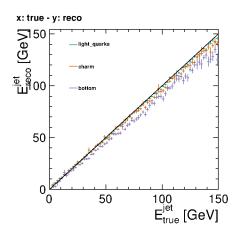
Overlay, | jet-clustering



## Comparing MC and Reconstructed

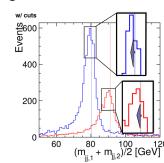
Deeper look into influence of jet flavour:

Individual jet  $\rightarrow$  flavour of q origin (generator level)  $\rightarrow E_{jet}$ : generator level VS reconstructed



 $\Rightarrow$  **b** jets: Reconstructed  $E_{jet}$  underestimated and stronger fluctuating

 $\longrightarrow$  Again: Hint to  $\nu$ 's



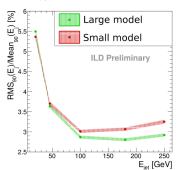
Jakob Beyer | WW / ZZ @ ILC | April 23, 2018 | 26/3



# Jet flavour influencing Jet Energy Resolution

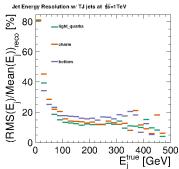
How is  $\sigma_E/E$  influenced by jet flavour ( $\rightarrow \nu$ 's)?

- ⇒ Use TrueJet for physical approach to JER
  - JER plots so far:
    - ▶ JER from total energy in uds dijet-event (not individual E<sub>jet</sub>)
    - Truncated mean/sigma: Used inner 90% of E distribution



#### With TrueJet:

- Compare true and reconstructed E<sub>jet</sub> for individual jets!
- Only clustering cheated unphysically (→ study separately)



## Cheating jet-clustering and pairing w/ TrueJet

From generator level: q colour information  $\Rightarrow$  Colour neutral  $\{q\bar{q}\}=W/Z$ 

- ► Take jets linked to initial colour neutrals
  - → Cheat jet clustering and jet pairing = realistic detector + ideal algorithm

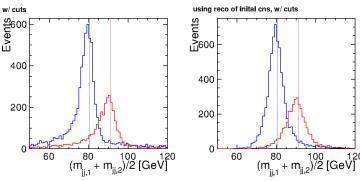


Figure : Own jet-clustering and jet pairing. Figure : TJ-cheated jet-clustering and pairing.

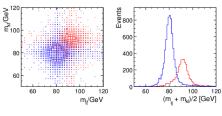
 $\Rightarrow$  Tails seem to be problem with my jet-clustering/-pairing!

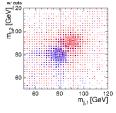


# Results of jet investigation

### So why the difference to Letter of Intent?

- ► Mass peaks: originating from heavy quarks
  - $\longrightarrow$  Difference to Lol: No b quarks in samples!
- ► Tails: originating from jet-clustering
  - → Difference to Lol: Different clustering algorithm!
    - ▶ Lol: Undocumented → possibly cheated
    - ▶ Here:  $e^+e^-k_T$  algorithm





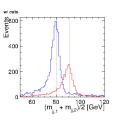


Figure: Letter of Intent results.

Figure : Own results.



## Results of jet investigation

### So why the difference to Letter of Intent?

- Mass peaks: originating from heavy quarks
  - $\longrightarrow$  Difference to Lol: No b quarks in samples!
- ► Tails: originating from jet-clustering
  - → Difference to Lol: Different clustering algorithm!
    - ▶ Lol: Undocumented → possibly cheated
    - ▶ Here:  $e^+e^-k_T$  algorithm

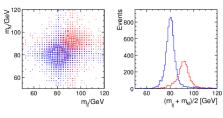


Figure: Letter of Intent results.

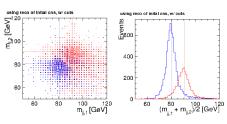


Figure: Own, jet clustering & pairing cheated

# Results of jet investigation

### So why the difference to Letter of Intent?

- Mass peaks: originating from heavy quarks
  - $\longrightarrow$  Difference to Lol: No b quarks in samples!
- ► Tails: originating from jet-clustering
  - → Difference to Lol: Different clustering algorithm!
    - ▶ Lol: Undocumented → possibly cheated
    - ▶ Here:  $e^+e^-k_T$  algorithm

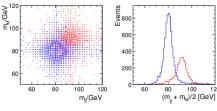


Figure: Letter of Intent results.

m [Gev] ™ m [GeV]

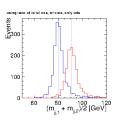


Figure: Own, iets cheated, uds only,



The International Linear Collider

The International Large Detector

Hadronic WW/ZZ decays

My plan

WW/ZZ separation

Jet reconstruction

#### Jet corrections

WW/ZZ separation as performance check

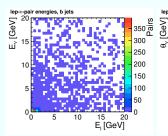


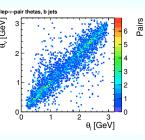
### Neutrino corrections

Hadron in jet gives off  $l^{\pm}\nu$  pair

- → Correctable if:
  - $\triangleright l^{\pm}$  found
  - Secondary vertex found
  - ▶ X found
  - Assumptions about initial hadron possible

 $\Longrightarrow$  Investigate  $l\nu$  pairs in TrueJet jets





No simple correction possible

ightarrow Find visible particles & secondary vertex

+ assume hadron mass

Reconstruct  $\nu$ 

hadron

The International Linear Collider

The International Large Detector

Hadronic WW/ZZ decays

My plan

WW/ZZ separation

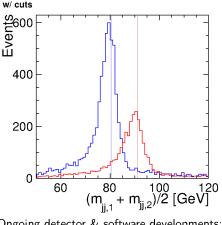
Jet reconstruction

Jet corrections

WW/ZZ separation as performance check



# Making a WW/ZZ separation plot



### Recipe for this plot:

- 1.  $\nu\nu q\bar{q}q\bar{q}$  event generation
- Detector simulation
- Particle reconstruction
- Event analysis
- ⇒ When run in full: Test for

detector model

simulation & reconstruction software!

Ongoing detector & software developments:

- → Use such plots for model / version validation
- ⇒ iLCSoft contains ILDPerformance package (github.som/iLCSoft/ILDPerformance)

Goal: Standardized algorithms for performance plots!

### WW/ZZ in ILDPerformance

#### Implemented script into ILDPerformance to run:

- Detector simulation  $\rightarrow DDSim$  (github.com/iLCSoft/lcgeo)
- Event reconstruction → PandoraPFA (github.com/PandoraPFA) & ILDConfig (github.com/iLCSoft/ILDConfig)
- WW/ZZ analysis  $\rightarrow Marlin$  (github.com/iLCSoft/Marlin)

on existing generator files with simple command.

#### Problem:

- ightharpoonup simulation + reconstruction =  $\sim 5 \, \text{min/event}$
- need  $\sim 30$ k events

Solution: Run sim+reco distributed on grid with II CDirac

(A Tsaregorodtsev, 2010 J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. 219 062029)

⇒ Get plot starting from generator file within few hours!

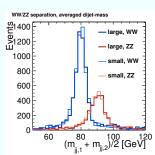


Figure: Plot with current software & detector model.



34/37

The International Linear Collider

The International Large Detector

Hadronic WW/ZZ decays

My plan

WW/ZZ separation

Jet reconstruction

Jet corrections

WW/ZZ separation as performance check



### Conclusion & outlook

$$e^+\,e^- \to \nu\nu\,WW/ZZ \to \nu\nu\,q\bar{q}\,q\bar{q}$$
 at  $\sqrt{s}=1\,\text{TeV}$  at the ILD

#### So far:

- ▶ Investigated WW/ZZ separation
  - recreated previous studies
  - ▶ found deviations: shifted mass peaks + long tails
- Studied causes for deviations
  - Causes found in jet reconstruction
  - ▶ Shifted mass peak from  $\nu$ s in b jets
    - ► Tails from jet-clustering
- Started work on  $\nu$  correction
- ightharpoonup Implemented WW/ZZ separation as performance check in ILDPerformance

#### Plan:

- Build jet corrections ( $\nu$ , JES)
- ▶ VBS analysis using complete Standard Model background



# Thanks for your attention!



37/37

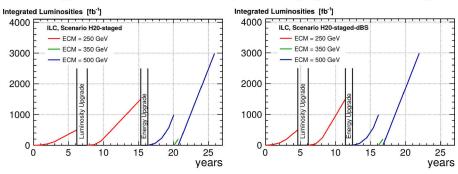
# **BACKUP**



### ILC-250 staging

Staging scenario changed from Technical Design Report (TDR, ILC-500)

- ⇒ 2 possibilities (cost-neutral):
  - Beam parameters as for ILC-500
  - lacktriangleright More aggressive beam parameters ightarrow Higher lumi, slightly more beamstrahlung

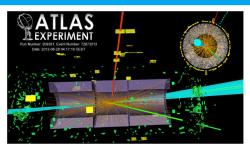


#### Preselection

Goal: Investigate separation of WW and ZZ in  $e^+e^ightarrow
u
u WW/ZZ
ightarrow
u
u qar{q}qar{q}$ 

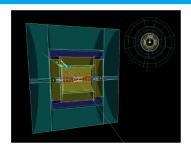
- 1. Define WW/ZZ events in  $u 
  u q \bar{q} q \bar{q}$  sample on generator level
- 2. Detector simulation & event reconstruction using iLCSoft (github.com/iLCSoft)
- 3. Apply preselection for SM background reduction:
  - $\rightarrow$  apply cuts as in previous work (ILD Letter of Intent arXiv:1006.3396):
    - ightharpoonup Cuts on jet content to reject  $t\bar{t}$  events
    - ▶  $Y_{34} > 0.0001 \rightarrow$  Event does not have less than 4 jets
    - ▶ Suppress 2- and 4-fermion and  $ZWW/ZZZ(,Z \rightarrow \nu \nu)$  background using  $m_{missing}$ ,  $E_{T,visible}$  and  $p_{T,visible}$
    - Missing momentum not from particles going to beam pipe
    - lacksquare Suppress ISR- $\gamma$   $\to$ hadrons events using highest energetic track
    - Reject  $t \bar{t} o b \bar{b} q \bar{q} l \nu$  using cone around most energetic track
- 4. Find invariant masses of the W/Z candidates





https://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/ PHYSICS/CONFNOTES/ATLAS-CONF-2012-160/ figaux\_03.png

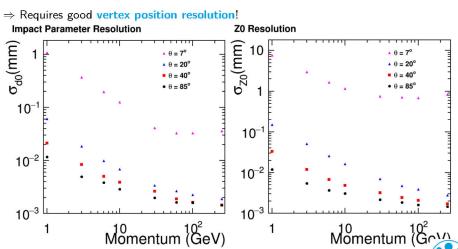
- ► Several interactions / bunch crossing (average ~30-40)
- Background form other partons and other interactions



- average of 1 interaction per bunch crossing
- $\begin{array}{l} \blacktriangleright \ \ \, \text{Background from beamstrahlung} \\ \Rightarrow \ \ \, \text{pair production,} \\ \gamma\gamma\rightarrow \ \ \, \text{hadrons} \\ \end{array}$
- background events are generated separately and overlayed onto samples

### Impact parameter resolution

Need to find secondary vertex to reconstruct  $\nu$ 's



Jakob Beyer | WW/ZZ @ ILC | April 23, 2018 |