



Measurements of the top quark properties at production with CMS

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on behalf of CMS collaboration

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Introduction

- Some top quark properties are predicted by the SM, some are not (e.g. mass, V_{tq})
 - precision measurements can reveal signs of new physics
 - unique opportunity to measure properties of "bare" quark
- In this talk:
 - latest measurements of top quark properties in tt <u>production</u> with CMS detector
 - study of dilepton and lepton+jets final states

spin correlation & polarisation

charge asymmetry

CP violation

- Also see talks for other properties:
 - by J. E. Palencia Cortezon: CMS Measurements of the top quark mass and width
 - by J. Andrea: Measurement of single top quark production with CMS
 - by A. Castro: Measurements of the top quark properties at decay with CMS

Spin correlations and polarization

- In SM, top quarks from pair production are almost unpolarized, but have correlated spins
- Top quark lifetime ($\sim 10^{-25}$ s) is much shorter than the spin decorrelation time scale ($\sim 10^{-21}$ s)
 - angular distributions of top quark decay products provide access to spin of top quark
- Study spin correlation strength A and coefficient f_{SM} shows its relation to SM correlation

$$A = \frac{(N_{\uparrow\uparrow} + N_{\downarrow\downarrow}) - (N_{\uparrow\downarrow} + N_{\downarrow\uparrow})}{(N_{\uparrow\uparrow} + N_{\downarrow\downarrow}) + (N_{\uparrow\downarrow} + N_{\downarrow\uparrow})}$$

$$f_{SM} = \frac{N_{SM}^{t\bar{t}}}{N_{SM}^{t\bar{t}} + N_{uncorrelated}^{t\bar{t}}}$$

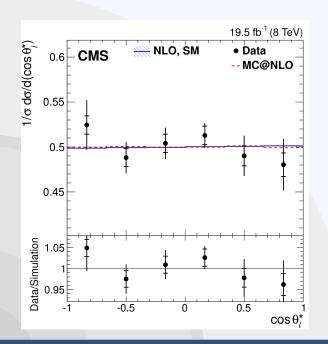
Spin correlations & polarization in dileptons

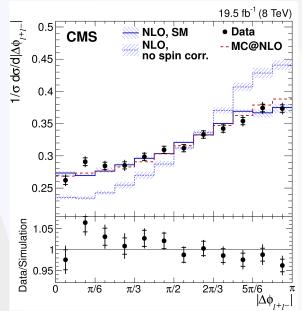
Probing spin density matrix and extraction of f_{SM}

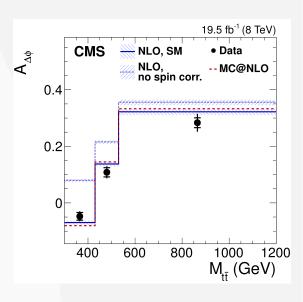
PRD 93, 052007 (2016)

available as RIVET routine in CMS 2016 I1413748

- Using asymmetries in angular observables of two leptons
 - $\Delta \phi(\ell^+\ell^-)$: difference in azimuthal angles in the laboratory frame
 - $\cos \theta^*(\ell^{\pm})$ and $\cos \theta^*(\ell^{+})\cdot\cos \theta^*(\ell^{-})$: dependent from helicity angles $\theta^*(\ell)$
 - cos φ: angle between leptons measured in rest frames of parental top quarks
- Inclusive and differential measurements of asymmetries
 - in bins of $m_{t\bar{t}}$, $|y_{t\bar{t}}|$, $p_{\tau}^{t\bar{t}}$
- Setting limits on chromo-magnetic and chromo-electric dipole moments



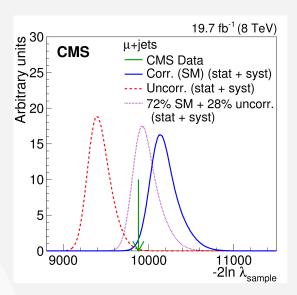




Consistency check of spin correlation strength in tt with the SM

PLB 758 (2016) 321

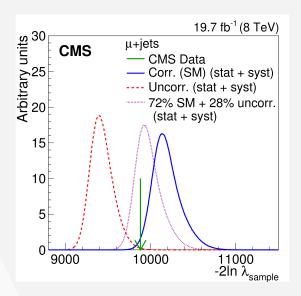
- Test of two hypothesis behind tt production in data
 - spin correlation predicted by SM
 - no spin correlation
 - event probabilities P estimated via matrix element method
 - separation power given by sample likelihood ratio λ



Consistency check of spin correlation strength in tt with the SM

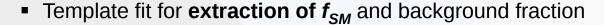
PLB 758 (2016) 321

- Test of two hypothesis behind tt production in data
 - spin correlation predicted by SM: agrees within 2.2σ
 - no spin correlation: within 2.9σ
 - event probabilities P estimated via matrix element method
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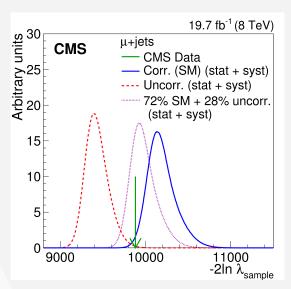
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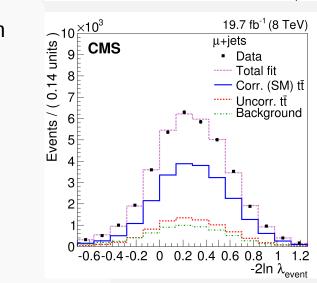
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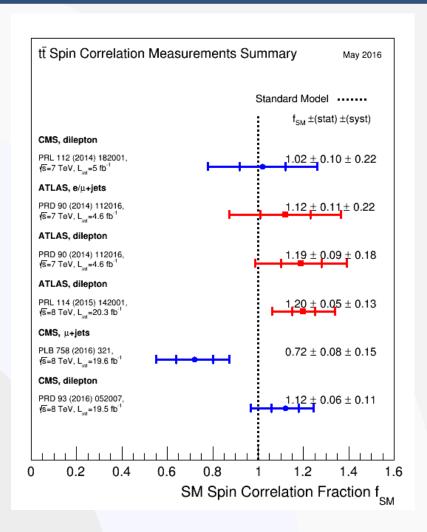
- using distribution of event likelihood ratio λ
- SM contribution: $f_{SM} = 0.72 \pm 0.08 (stat.)^{+0.15}_{-0.13} (syst.)$
- spin correlation strength:

$$A_{hel}^{measured} = f_{SM} \cdot A_{hel}^{SM,MC} = 0.23 \pm 0.03 (stat.)_{-0.04}^{+0.05} (syst.)$$





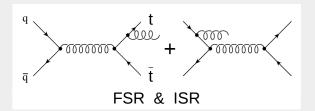
Spin correlations

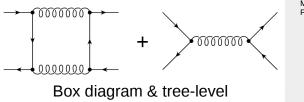


Good agreement between SM predictions and both experiments

Charge asymmetry

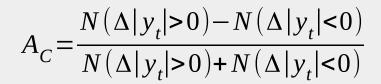
• Non-zero charge asymmetry in $t\bar{t}$ production through $q\bar{q}$ interaction beyond LO

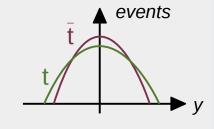




Modified pictures from: PRL 81:49-52,1998

- At LHC, different centrality in rapidity for top quarks and anti-quarks
- Measure charge asymmetry A_C using observable $\Delta |y_t| = |y_t| |y_{\bar{t}}|$





Enhanced by BSM scenarios, e.g. axigluons, Z'

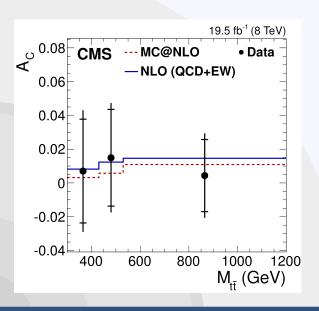
Charge asymmetry in dileptons

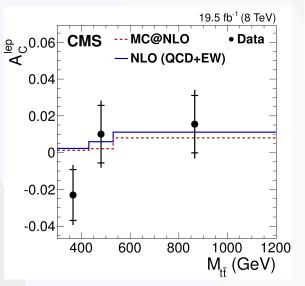
Inclusive and differential measurements of A_C

- Also measure observable A_{C}^{lep} using $\Delta |\eta_{\ell}| = |\eta_{\ell+}| |\eta_{\ell-}|$
 - better resolution and independent from top reconstruction
 - carries info about top quark polarization

Variable	Data	MC@NLO	NLO (QCD+EW)
$\overline{A_{C}}$	$0.011 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.007$	0.006 ± 0.001	0.0111 ± 0.0004
$A_{ m C}^{ m lep}$	$0.003 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003$	0.004 ± 0.001	0.0064 ± 0.0003

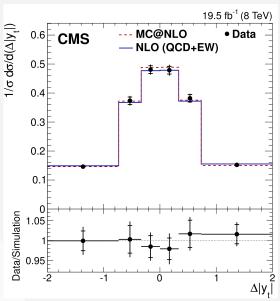
Extraction from unfolded spectrum in bins of $m_{t\bar{t}}$, $|y_{t\bar{t}}|$, $p_{t\bar{t}}$





PLB 760 (2016) 365

available as RIVET routine in CMS 2016 I1430892

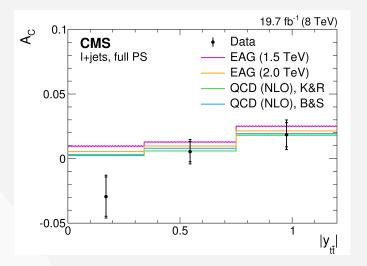


All results in agreement with SM

Unfolding method

PLB 758 (2016) 321

- Inclusive and differential measurement of A_C
 - unfolding of $\Delta |y_t|$ back to parton level after background subtraction
 - presented in <u>full</u> and <u>fiducial</u> phase space
 - also as a function of $m_{t\bar{t}}$, $|y_{t\bar{t}}|$, $p_{T}^{t\bar{t}}$



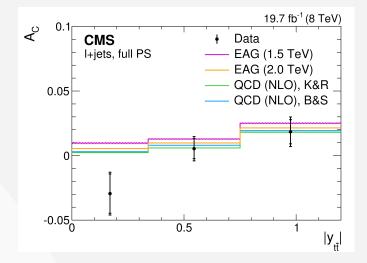
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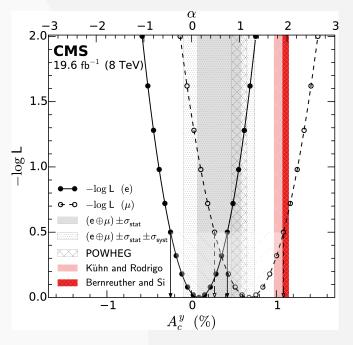
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Template method PRD 93, 034014 (2016)

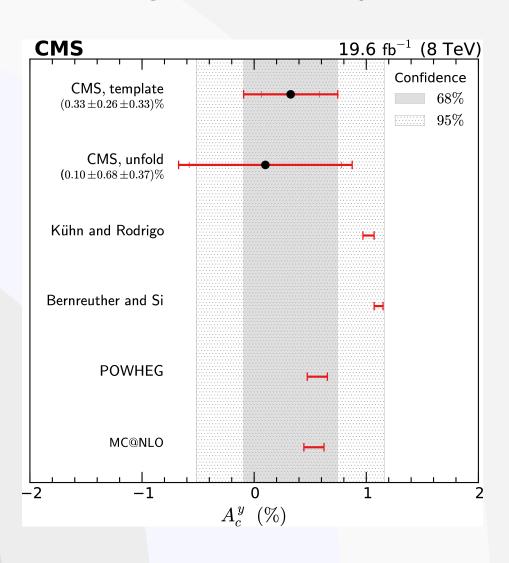
- Transformed rapidity observable: $Y_{t\bar{t}} = tanh \Delta |y_t|$
- Extract A_C via template fit of reconstructed Y_{tt}
 - using (anti)symmetric $x^{(-)+}$ components of probability density for $Y_{t\bar{t}}$ from base model (SM)

$$X_{\alpha}^{data} = X^{+,rec} + \alpha \cdot X^{-,rec}$$





Results in agreement with SM predictions



CP violation in tt production and decay

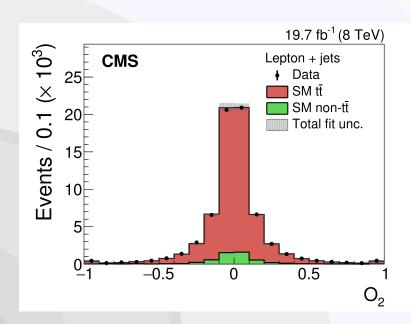
- Very small in SM, but may be enhanced by potential new physics
- Search for effects induced by CP-violating anomalous top quark couplings
- Sizable deviations from the SM may shed light on the matter-antimatter asymmetry of the universe

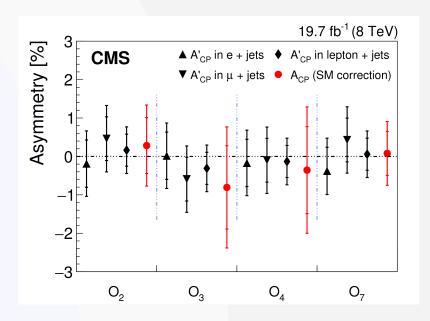
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First measurement of CP-violating asymmetries in tt

JHEP 03 (2017) 101

- Construct four T-odd observables O_i
 - use spin or momentum vectors of decay products in $t\bar{t} \rightarrow \ell$ +jets final state
- Non-zero asymmetry as an evidence of CP violation : $A_{CP}(O_i) = \frac{N_{events}(O_i > 0) N_{events}(O_i < 0)}{N_{events}(O_i > 0) + N_{events}(O_i < 0)}$
- Up-to 8% CPV effects are expected in $A_{CP}(O_i)$ depending on theory model
- Consistent with SM, thus no observation of CP violating effects





Summary

- Probing nature with several measurements of top quark properties at production with CMS
 - spin correlation and polarization: unfolding and MEM methods
 - charge asymmetry: unfolding and template methods
 - CP violation
- All results are in agreement with SM and no evidence of new physics
- Next generation of new exciting results to come with study of latest 13 TeV data from LHC

Summary

- Probing nature with several measurements of top quark properties at production with CMS
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 - charge asymmetry: unfolding and template methods
 - CP violation
- All results are in agreement with SM and no evidence of new physics
- Next generation of new exciting results to come with study of latest 13 TeV data from LHC

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

See more:

http://cms-results.web.cern.ch/cms-results/public-results/publications/TOP/

BACKUP

Event selection

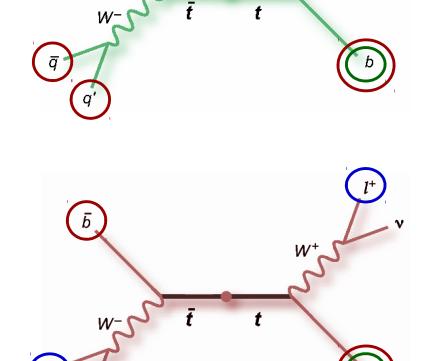
Lepton+jets:

- Exactly 1 high-p_τ isolated lepton (e or μ)
 - p_T > around 30 GeV (analysis dependent), $|\eta|$ < 2.1
- **24 jets**: p_{τ} > 30 GeV, $|\eta|$ < 2.4
- ≥ 2 b-tagged jets



- ≥ 2 OS, high-p_T isolated leptons (ee, μμ, μe)
 - $p_{\tau} > 20 \text{ GeV}, |\eta| < 2.4$
- **QCD veto**: m_{||} > 20 GeV
- **2 jets**: $p_{_{\rm T}}$ > 30 GeV, $|\eta|$ < 2.4
- ≥ 1 b-tagged jets
- ee, μμ channels: $E_T^{miss} > 40$ GeV

Z veto: $|m_7 - m_{\parallel}| > 15 \text{ GeV}$



In addition: kinematic reconstruction of tt system

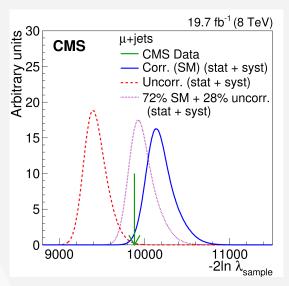
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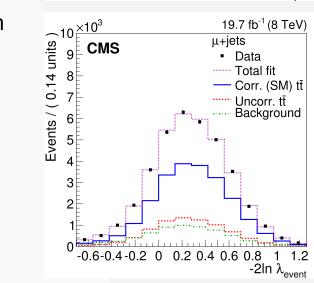
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 - event probabilities P estimated via matrix element method
 - separation power given by sample likelihood ratio

$$-2\ln \lambda_{sample} = -\sum_{i} 2\ln \lambda_{event} \propto \frac{P_{uncorrelated}}{P_{correlated}}$$

- Template fit for **extraction of** f_{SM} and background fraction
 - using distribution of event likelihood ratio
 - SM contribution: $f_{SM} = 0.72 \pm 0.08 (stat.)^{+0.15}_{-0.13} (syst.)$
 - spin correlation strength:

$$A_{hel}^{measured} = f_{SM} \cdot A_{hel}^{SM,MC} = 0.23 \pm 0.03 (stat.)_{-0.04}^{+0.05} (syst.)$$

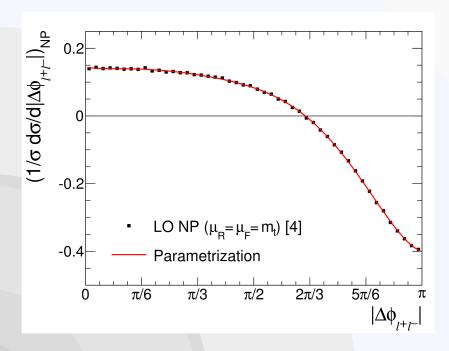


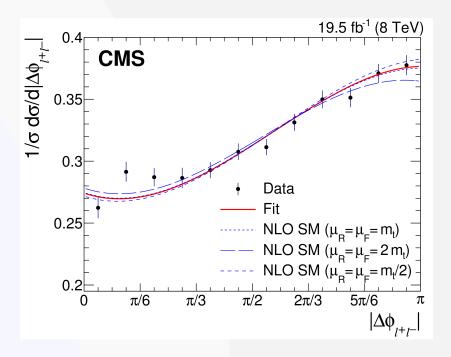


Spin correlations & polarization in dileptons

PRD 93, 052007 (2016)

- Search for hypothetical top quark anomalous couplings
 - setting limits on chromo-magnetic and chromo-electric dipole moments
 - parameters interfere with SM tt production
 - fit of new physics contributions or extraction from spin coefficients
- No evidence of new physics





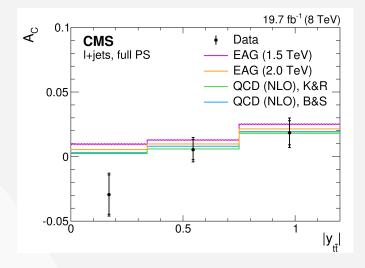
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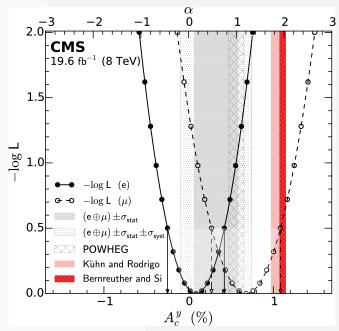
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- Transformed rapidity observable: $Y_{t\bar{t}} = tanh \Delta |y_t|$
- Extract A_C via template fit of reconstructed Y_{tt}
 - using (anti)symmetric (x⁺ and x⁻) components of probability density for Y_{ff} from base model (SM)
 - connected with fit parameter α

$$A_C^{data} = \alpha \cdot A_C^{model} \iff X_\alpha^{data} = X^{+,rec} + \alpha \cdot X^{-,rec}$$



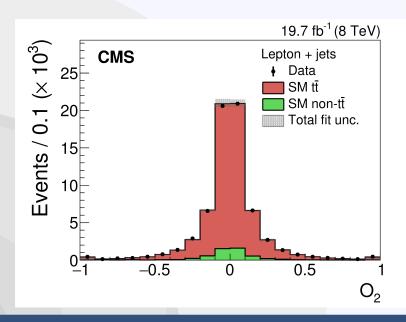


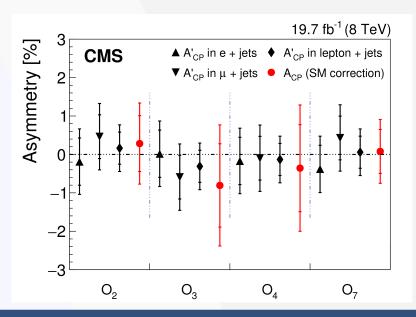
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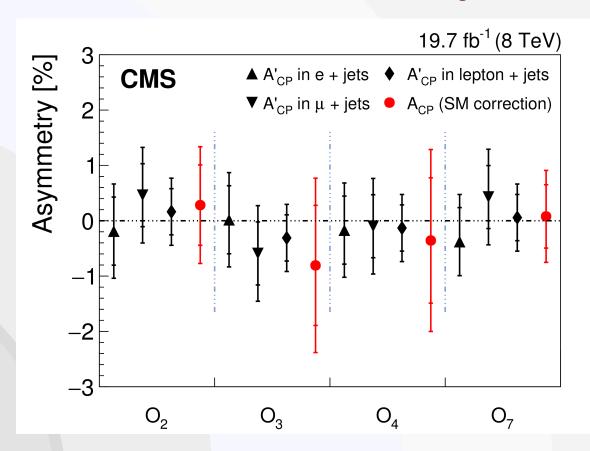
- Construct four T-odd observables O_i of the form $\vec{v}_1 \cdot (\vec{v}_2 \times \vec{v}_3)$
 - use spin or momentum vectors of decay products in $t\bar{t} \rightarrow \ell$ +jets final state
 - also CP-odd, if CPT conservation is valid
 - e.g., $O_2 \propto (\vec{p}_b + \vec{p}_{\bar{b}}) \cdot (\vec{p}_\ell \times \vec{p}_{\bar{i}})$
- Non-zero asymmetry as an evidence of CP violation : $A_{CP}(O_i) = \frac{N_{events}(O_i > 0) N_{events}(O_i < 0)}{N_{events}(O_i > 0) + N_{events}(O_i < 0)}$
- Up-to 8% CPV effects are expected in $A_{CP}(O_i)$ depending on theory model
- Consistent with SM, thus no observation of CP violating effects





Search for CP violation in tt production and decay

- Results are presented as A'_{CP} (raw) and A_{CP} (corrected for detector effects) asymmetries
 - after background subtraction (determined from fit)
 - systematic uncertainty mostly arises from estimation of possible detector bias
- Consistent with SM, thus no observation of CP violating effects



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