

Terahertz time domain spectrometer to characterize nonlinear materials for efficient terahertz generation

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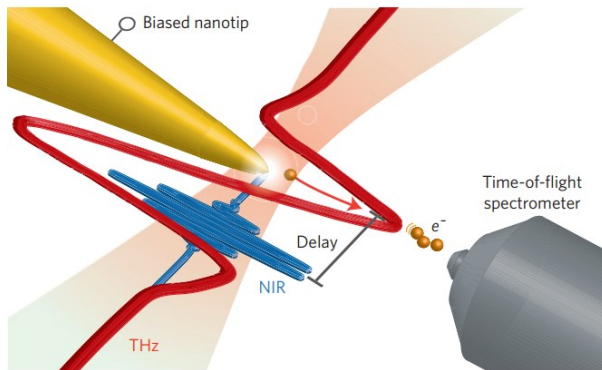
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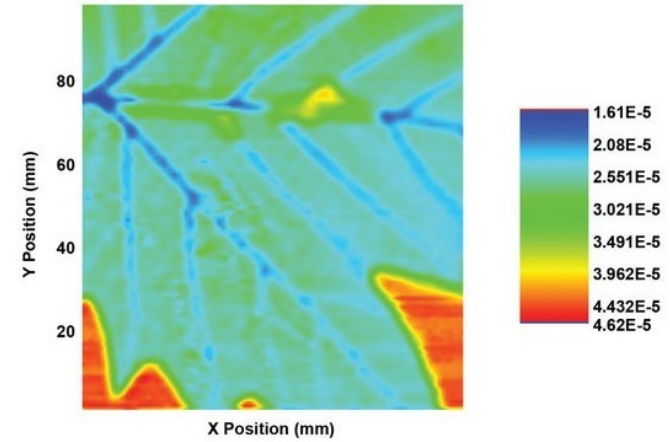
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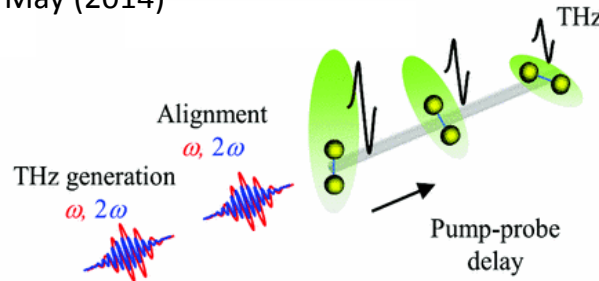
Motivation for Efficient High-Power THz Generation



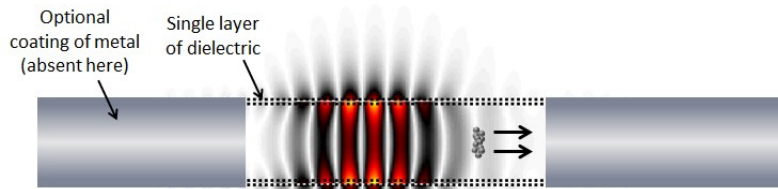
L. Wimmer et al., Nat. Phys. May (2014)



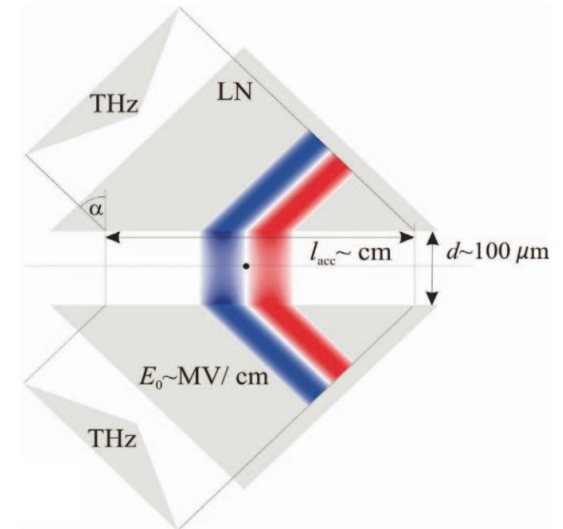
P. U. Jepsen et al., Laser & Photonics Rev 5 (2011)
Source: Menlo Systems



S. Fleischer et al., PRL 107 (2011)



L. J. Wong et al., Opt. Exp. 21 (2013)



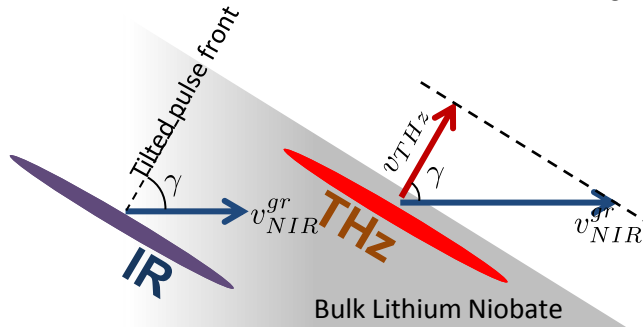
L. Pálfalvi et al., Phys. Rev. STAB 17 (2014)

Highly Efficient THz Generation

- **Mechanisms for generating highly efficient single-cycle THz radiation by using optical rectification**
 - non collinear optical rectification
 - lithium niobate (LN), lithium tantalate (LT), GaAs
 - collinear optical rectification
 - ZnTe, GaP, organic crystals
- **Goal:**
 - highly efficient THz single-cycle pulse in the regime of 0.1 - 1 THz
 - characterization of the nonlinear optical materials in sub THz regime
 - Lithium niobate known as promising material
 - high susceptibility
 - non collinear phase matching $n_{THz} > n_{NIR}^{gr}$

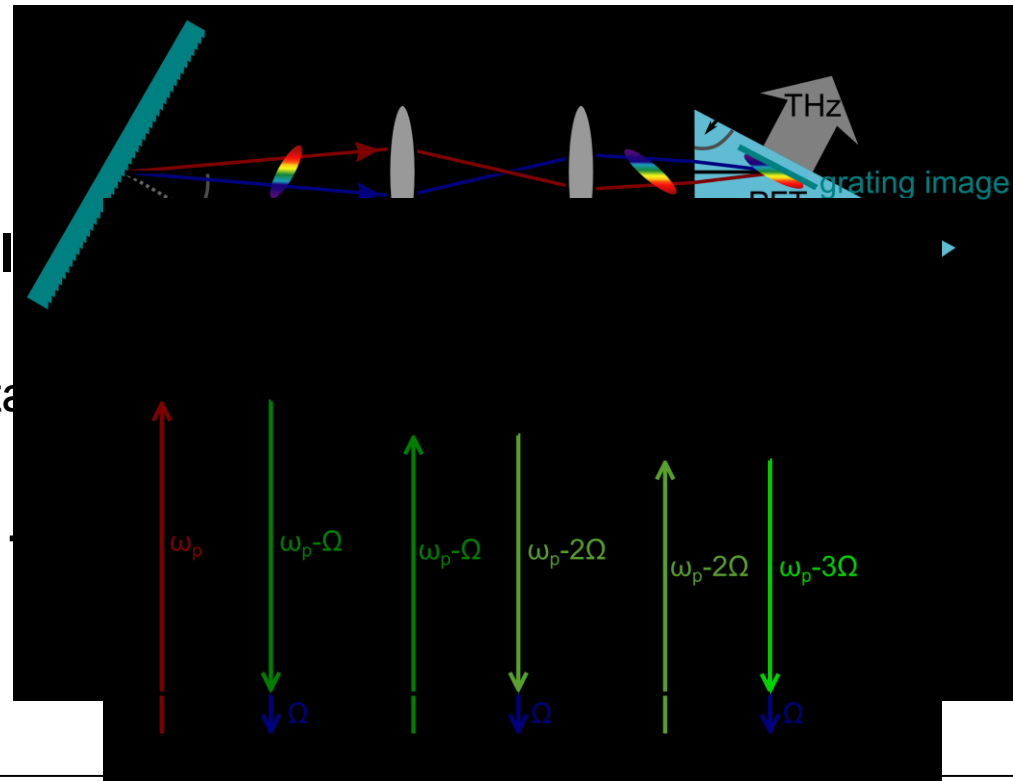
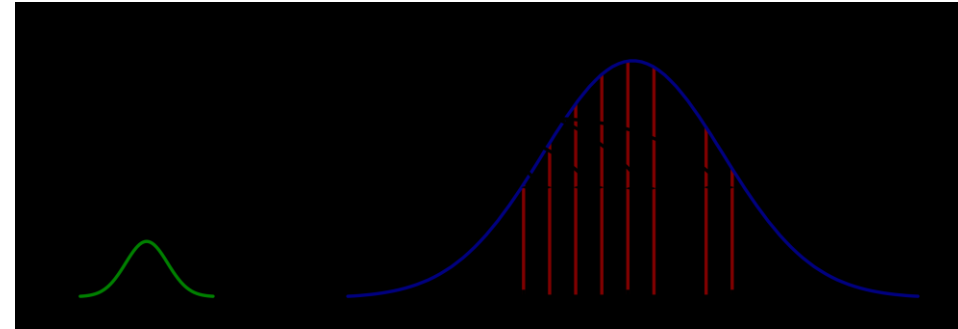
Pulse Front Tilting of the Intensity Front

- Phase matching in LiNbO₃ for OR



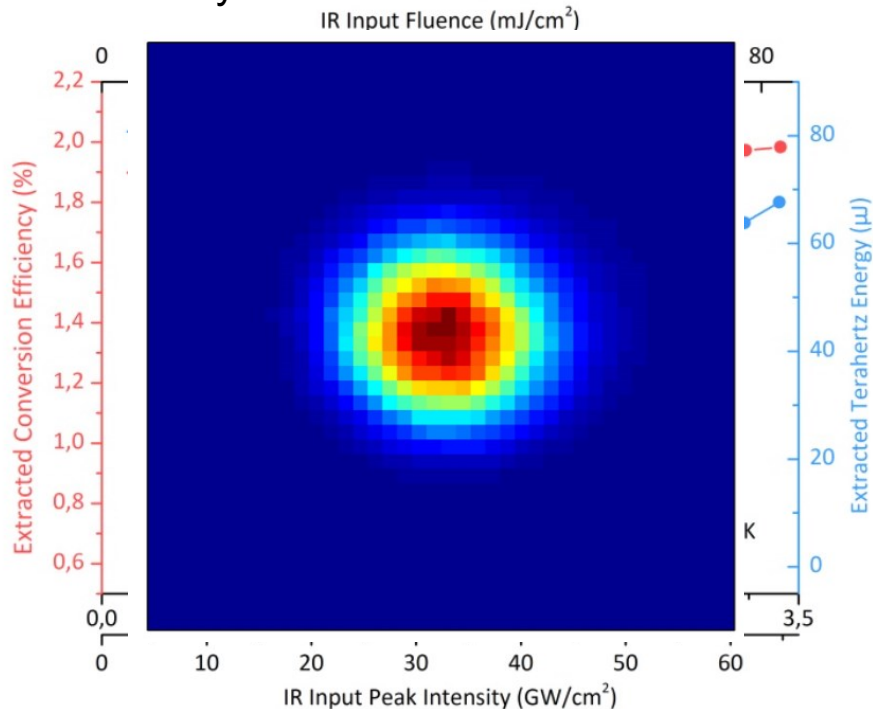
$$v_{NIR}^{gr} \cos \gamma = v_{THz}$$

- Grating induces a pulse-front tilt
 - Image of grating in the crystal
 - Higher peak intensity on the crystal
- Enhancement of efficiency due to cascading of pump pulse

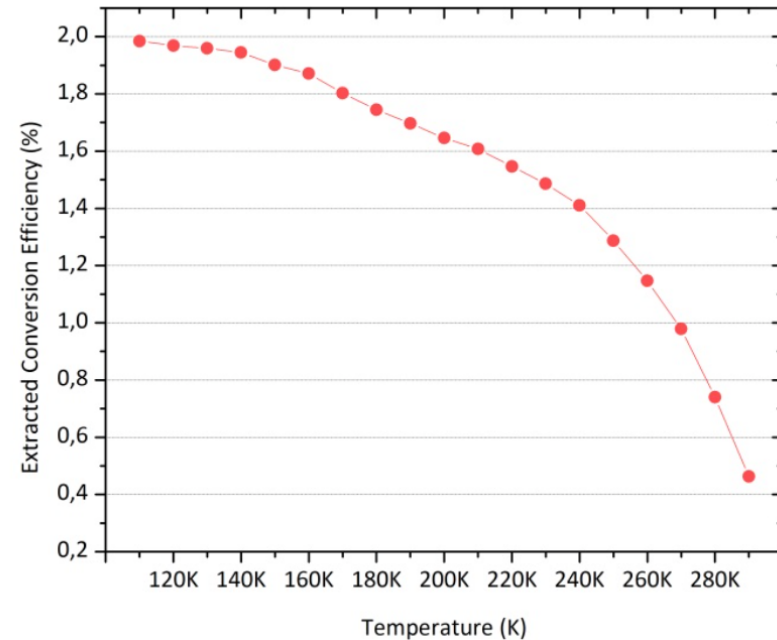


Efficient THz Generation at 1.03 μm

- **Extracted THz beam**
 - Conversion efficiency
 - 0.72% at room temperature
 - 2% at cryogenic temperature
 - 68 μJ THz energy
 - 0.2 GV/m THz field strength
 - Nearly diffraction-limited Gaussian beams

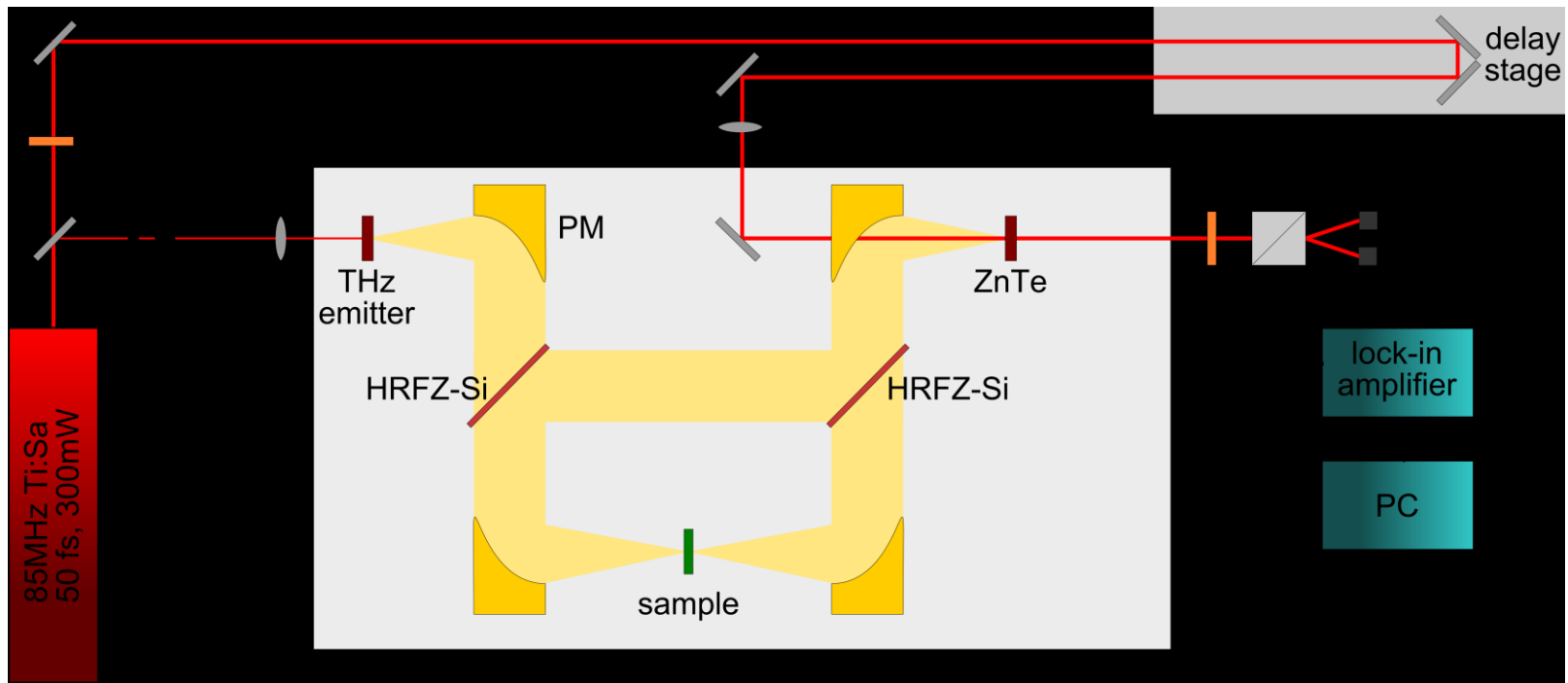


- **Efficiency enhancement at cryogenic temperature due to**
 - lower THz absorption
 - longer propagation length



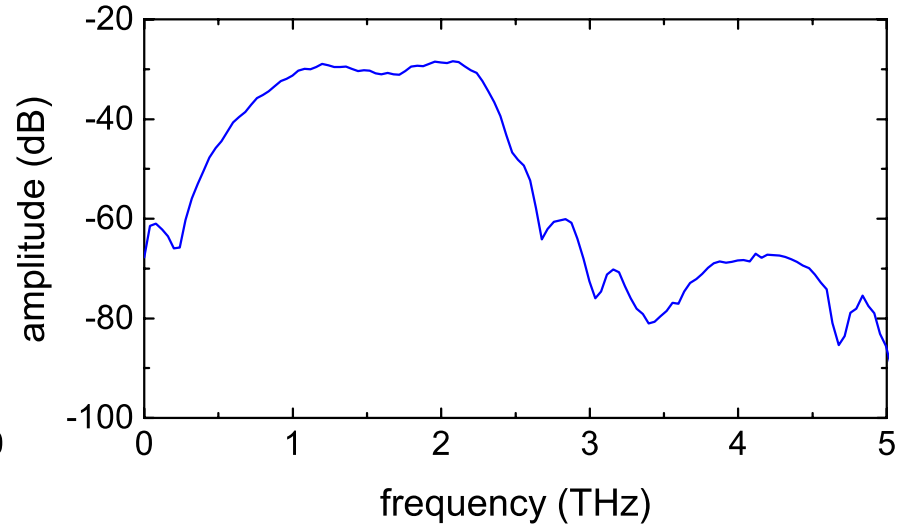
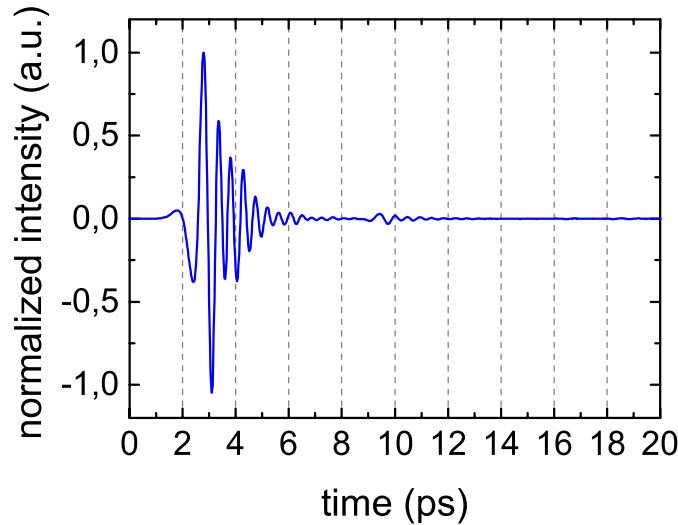
THz Time Domain Spectrometer

- **Real pulse response via electro-optical sampling**
 - THz emitter
 - ZnTe crystal
 - LT-GaAs antenna
 - Transmission, reflection and absorption spectra

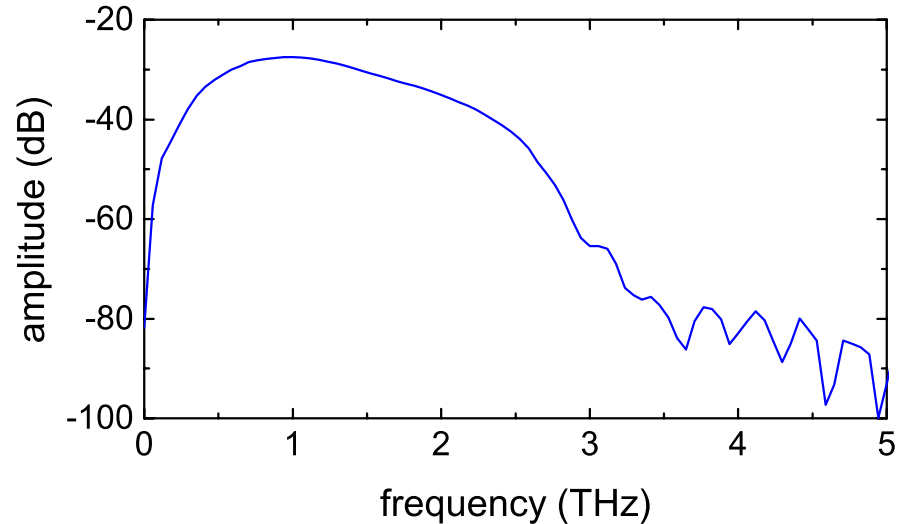
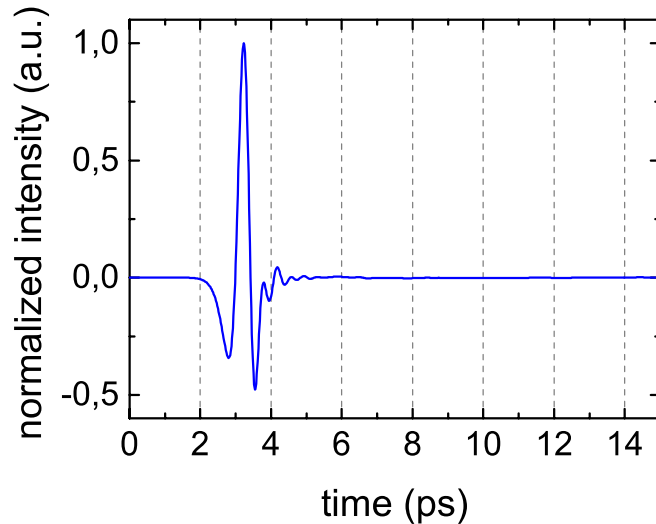


THz Emitters – Temporal Waveforms

- ZnTe**

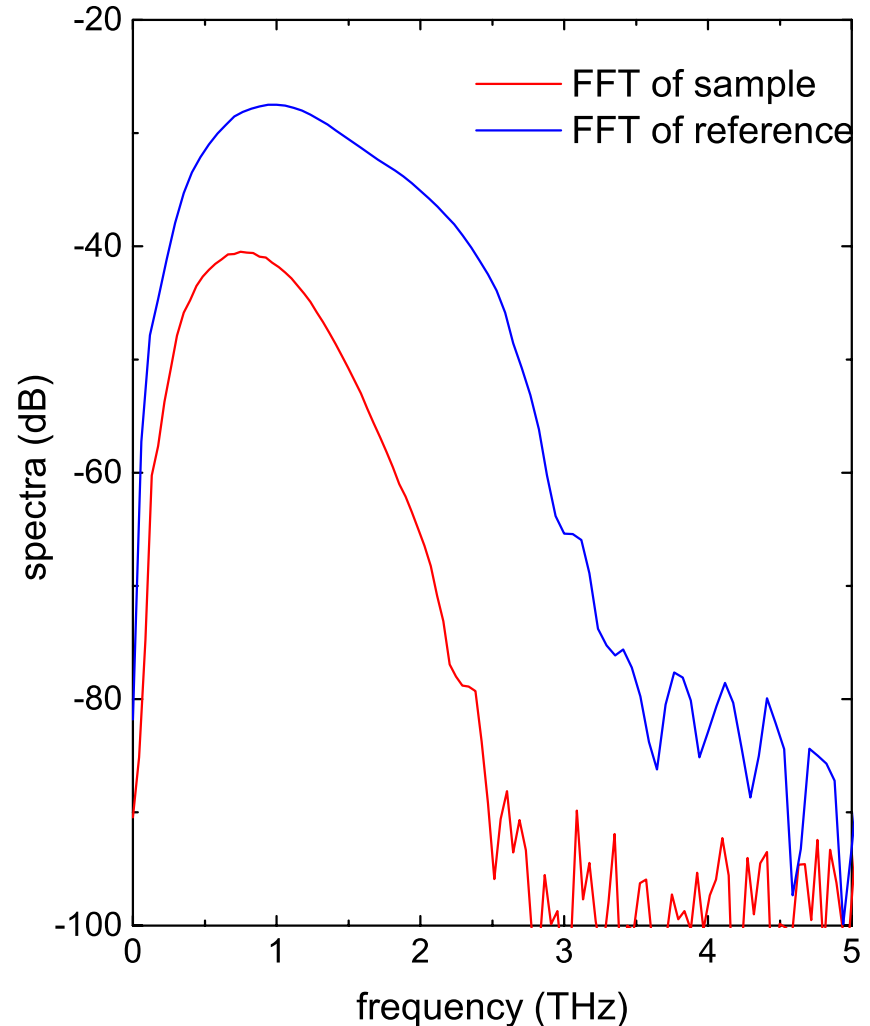
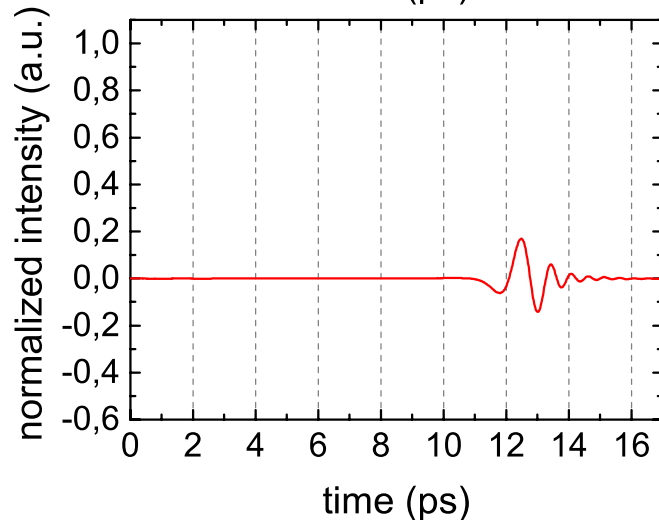
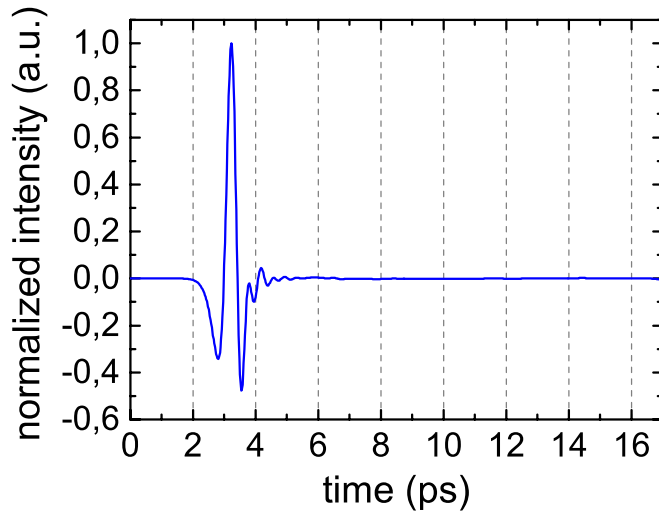


- LT-GaAs antenna**



THz Transmission Spectrum of Antenna

- Temporal profile and spectrum of doped lithium niobate



THz Transmission Spectrum to Characterize Sample

- Temporal profile and spectra of reference and sample allows conclusion for

- refractive index

$$n_2(\omega) = \frac{\Phi(\omega)c}{\omega d} + 1$$

phase

- extinction coefficient

$$\kappa_2(\omega) = \frac{-\ln(\rho(\omega) \frac{[n_2(\omega)+1]^2}{4n_2(\omega)})c}{\omega d}$$

amplitude

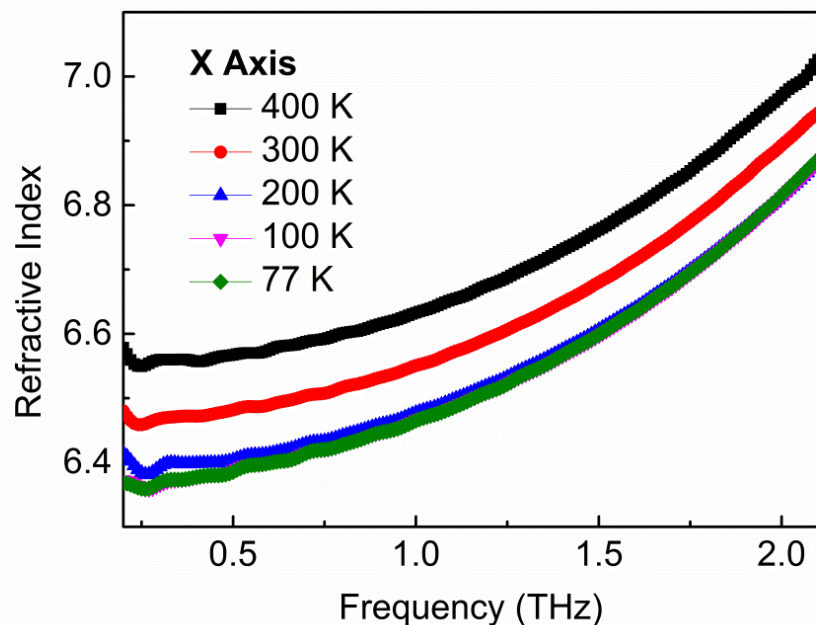
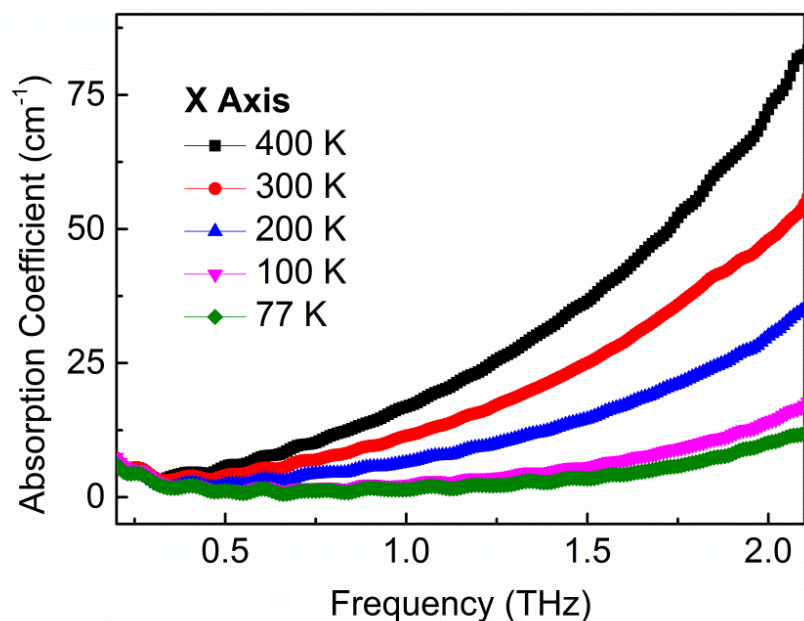
- absorption coefficient

$$\alpha = \frac{2\omega\kappa}{c}$$

sample thickness

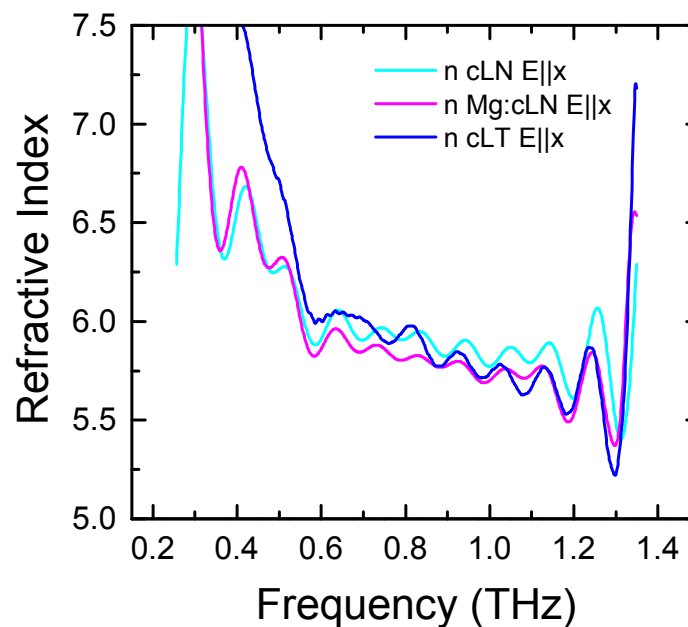
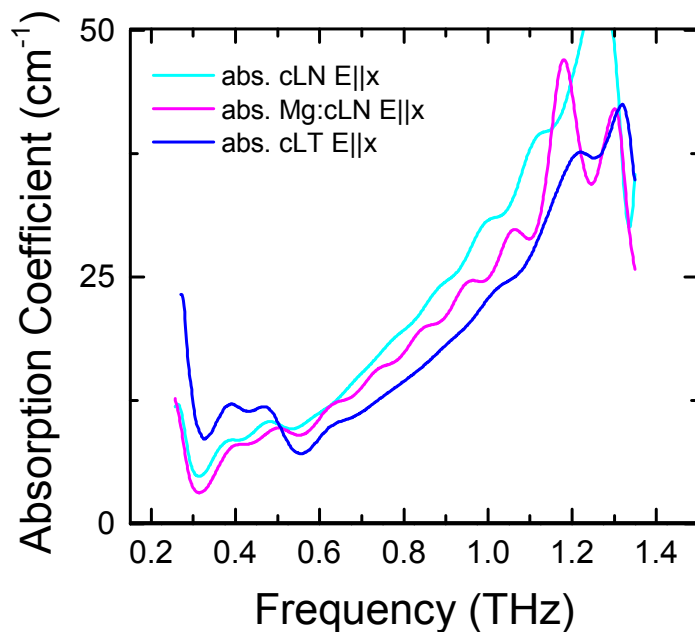
Preliminary Characterization of Lithium Niobate

- **THz-TDS at Peking University**
 - amplified Ti:Sa with GaAs antenna



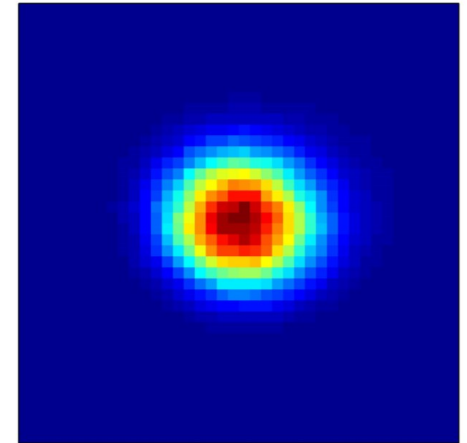
Preliminary characterization: FTIR

- Applying independent methods to verify refractive index and absorption coefficient
- Measurement of LN and LT
 - FTIR with Bolometer



Final Remarks

- **Efficient THz generation important for numerous applications**
- **Intensity pulse front tilting in lithium niobate**
 - 2% extracted conversion efficiency
- **Setup to characterize nonlinear optical materials at different temperatures in the sub THz regime**
 - THz time domain spectrometer
 - Refractive index and absorption coefficient
- **Understanding the material promise further improvement of efficient THz generation**



Thank you for your attention



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Ti:Sapphire oscillator

- **Pump laser for THz-TDS**

$$f_{\text{rep}} = 85 \text{ MHz}$$

$$\lambda_c = 805 \text{ nm}$$

$$P_{\text{out}} = 350 \text{ mW}$$

$$\tau = 50 \text{ fs}$$

